
BOROUGH OF WASHINGTON, WARREN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

WASHINGTON BOROUGH COUNCIL MINUTES

February 21, 2023

The regular meeting of the Borough Council of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey was held in councils chambers at 7:00 P.M.

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov, Heinrich, and Musick

Also Present: Laurie A. Barton, Borough Clerk/Interim Borough Manager

Leslie Parikh, Attorney

Absent Heinrich

Mayor Conry led everyone in the flag salute.

Mayor Conry read the following statement into record:

The requirements of the Open Public Meetings Law, P.L. 1975, Chapter 231 have been satisfied in that adequate notice of this meeting has been published in the Express-Times (Warren County Edition and Star Ledger) and posted on the Boroughs website stating the time, place and purpose of the meeting as required by law.

PUBLIC COMMENT

Motion to open the public portion made by Cox and seconded by Musick all were in favor,

Mel Thiel-Executive Director, BID

Ms. Thiel gave the following report:

Thanked Mayor and Councilman Brown for coming to the Business Recognition Dinner.

Thanked the borough for issuing certificates for those recipients as well.

Gearing up for all the events and fundraising.

Announced the date for the Steam Punk Fair will be April 29th.

This Saturday trying something new; Chili Cook Off this Saturday first of 4-part series, highlighting different businesses each time.

Mark Van Deursen, Chief, Washington Borough Emergency Squad

Congratulated new council members and Mayor and wished everyone a Happy New Year to all.

Gave an activity report for the year 2022.

Billing residents-discussion ensued on the way it works.

Reviewing the dynamics of the Emergency Squad organization. Trend shifted more towards career staff.

The annual toy drive benefited 60 families.

Recognized and received special recognition from Warren County Commissioners.
Focusing on 2023 recruitment to get enough people to cover our time and emergency calls.

Washington Borough Fire Department, Chief Joshua DeVoe, gave a recap and summary of the department's organization for 2022.

235 fire calls, 848 hours spent on those calls by membership.

191 of those calls within limits of Washington Borough, which has increased over the years.

28 of those calls included structure fires.

Answering calls for motor vehicle accidents.

Logged over 1000 hours of training in 2022.

Attended many community events in town and hosted several fundraising events such as the annual Spring flower sale.

Awarded American relief grant from NJ and was able to purchase 9-10 sets of turn out gear.

Applied for an AFG grant for this year to replace outdated fire rescue equipment.

One engine 2007 Pierce engine coming up on 20 years old coming up life expectantly. Need to start considering in future to replace the truck. Today's market starts at 600,000 dollars for a new one, wait time is 2-3 years from date contract is signed.

Swearing in new Fire Lieutenant, Daniel Drennon

Attorney Leslie Parikh officiated the oath to Mr. Drennon.

Tom Czerniecki, Jersey Professional Management -Presentation

Tom Czerniecki, gave a presentation of his company that helps recruit staff for municipalities needing professionals such as a new manager.

Victor Cioni, 29 Alvin Sloan, talked about the town pool, splash pad and concession. Mr. Cioni offered any assistance he could offer. His goal is to make sure the pool and concession stand are open first week of June.

Cathy Lacourt (sp)Cathys Cove and Café, two issues to bring up.

Spoke on the issue of the handicap sign being faded and people parking in the spot.

Discussed the amendment to the sidewalk ordinance and fees the borough is charging and how it's hurting businesses.

Betty Singh, Carlton Ave, expressed her concerns regarding the once-a-month meeting change. Called for a subcommittee to hire new manager.

Michele Norris, State Street, stated she is against once-a-month meetings. Suggested then Council cut their salaries in half if meetings go to once a month. Stated that Council is predisposed to one candidate and stated that we do not want to see that, they want to see it being fair.

Anne Marie McWilliams Grand Ave-stated that they cannot hear anyone and need an amplification system so people can hear.

Dan Rossi, Get a Grip stated his history of having his business in Washington Borough for 11 years. He stated his concerns with regards to the current ordinance pertaining to sidewalks with merchandise being in front of stores. Mr. Rossi added that it will be a poor decision if he can't put anything on the sidewalks.

Charles Body, Elizabeth Ave. (Washington Township) ,expressed his opinion of Mr. Rossi's business as being like a junk yard.

DJ L Lenape Trail-*last name not audible*, stated his support for Mr. Rossi's business citing that it brings a lot of business into town.

Shirley Colman N Lincoln Ave-stated her concern with parking on street, at one point borough was to have curbing put back into budget. Asked that the Street committee consider this.

Robin Klimko-W. Marble Street- handed a memo to the council-and expressed her concerns with the once-a-month meetings. Discussed her concerns with curbs and parking issues near her that are ongoing.

Rachel Collier Rooted Lion. E. Washington Ave.-expressed concerns about more fees being charged to businesses.

Scott McDonald, N. Prospect Street-Stated its a good idea of tables and displays on sidewalks but to have them be brought inside after business hours. Expressed his concern with the one meeting a month and added that he doesn't think it's a good idea.

Hearing no further public comment, motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to close the public portion, all were in favor.

MINUTES

Motion made by Brown and seconded by France to approve the following minutes.

January 3, 2023

January 17, 2023

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov, and Musick

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

REPORTS

Committee Reports

Street Committee: Brown stated he met with Kevin Smith, Borough Engineer and will pick up where it was left off in 2021 when it was paused (Five-year Streets plan). He will look into curbing. Storm drains maintenance needs to be maintained and be done every five years, have DPW look into this.

Senior Advisory Committee- Cox reported that she will have a meeting with the seniors and ask them their opinion on what they would like to do. Cox reported that she has received the items that Mayor Conry has left for her.

Ordinance Committee- Gorshkov reported that she is still looking through code book; haven't seen anything to be changed yet. France stated that a resident wants to participate on ordinance committee.

Cannabis Committee -Brown reported that he emailed Danke Poet to get an update on where they are at . They purchased 245 E Washington Avenue. They have applied for permits and are interviewing people in next couple of weeks and are looking to open in April.

VOUCHERS

Motion made by Brown and seconded by France to approve vouchers for payment, Brown rescinded motion and France seconded to rescind approving vouchers until after executive session.

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov, and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

NEW BUSINESS

Appointment of Green Team

Michael Franks (replacing Joshua Melchor) Term 12/31/25

Motion to approve Green Team Appointment made by Cox and seconded by Musick , all in were favor.

ORDINANCE First Reading:

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Gorshkov to approve and introduce on first reading ORDINANCE 2023-02, with public hearing and adoption scheduled for March 21, 2023

Roll call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

ORDINANCE 2023-02

**Ordinance Amending Section 85-27.1 of the Code of the Borough of Washington, entitled
“Schedule VA: Resident Off-Street Permit Parking”**

WHEREAS, the Borough of Washington Land Use Board (the “Board”) granted Preliminary

and Final Site Plan Approval to permit the development of a fast-food restaurant on property designated as Block 95, Lots 1 and 31 on the Tax Maps of the Borough of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey (the “Property”) by Resolution dated November 18, 2019 (the “Resolution”); and

WHEREAS, the Resolution requires, as a condition of approval, that ten (10) parking spaces be reserved for overnight parking for Borough residents pursuant to a permit to be issued by the Borough; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council adopted Ordinance No. 2022-04 on June 14 2022 permitting public parking on the Property, but such ordinance did not require the issuance of a permit; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council desires to amend its ordinances to require the issuance of overnight resident parking permits for the parking lot located on the Property; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council desires to further amend its ordinances to require the issuance of overnight resident parking permits for South Lincoln Avenue; and

Section 1. Section 85-27.1 of the Code of the Borough of Washington, entitled “Schedule VA: Resident Off-Street Permit Parking” shall be amended as follows (deletions noted with strikethrough ~~thus~~ and additions noted in bold italic **thus**):

Schedule VA: Resident Permit Parking.

- E. No vehicle, except as duly licensed pursuant to subsection ~~7-12A.2~~ **(E)** hereof, or exempt as hereafter set forth, shall be parked between the hours specified, on the days specified, upon any of the street or parts of streets described.

Name of Street	Side	Hours	Days	Location	<i>Restrictions</i>
South Lincoln Avenue	East	All	Monday through Sunday	From Monroe Street to Willow Avenue	<i>All permit holders must reside on South Lincoln Avenue</i>

~~B. Public overnight parking shall be permitted in the following private parking lots without the need for issuance of a permit. Vehicles shall not be parked for longer than 48 hours. No commercial vehicles shall be permitted to park in the public parking spaces designated below. Whenever a snow emergency exists pursuant to Article IX of the Borough Code no vehicle shall be parked in the public parking spaces designated below. The above parking prohibition shall remain in effect until after the snow has ceased and the designated parking spaces have been plowed and/or treated sufficiently. The owner of the property on which the public parking spaces are located is permitted to remove or have removed all vehicles parked in violations of the restrictions set forth above in subsection (B) hereof, including removing any vehicle parked after snow has fallen and the accumulation is such that it covers the street.~~

Public overnight parking shall be permitted in the following private parking lots by persons duly licensed pursuant to subsection (E) hereof.

Location of Lot	Location of Spaces within Lot	Restrictions
41 West Washington Avenue (corner of West Washington Avenue and South Lincoln Avenue)	Ten (10) spaces as delineated by signs and / or pavement markings.	<p>1. No commercial vehicles shall be permitted to park in the ten (10) spaced delineated for public parking.</p> <p>2. All permit holders must reside on South Lincoln Avenue</p>

C. The following vehicles shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection (A) hereof: contractors', service and delivery vehicles bearing the name and address of a commercial business during the time they are rendering service to a residence on any of the restricted streets; public utility vehicles bearing the name and address of the utility during the time they are rendering service; and police, fire and medical emergency vehicles while parking in the line of duty.

D. In addition to all other fines and penalties **authorized by the Borough Code or New Jersey Statute**, a vehicle parked in violation of this section shall be subject to towing, the cost of which to be paid for by the owner or operator of the vehicle before such vehicles shall be released.

E. Only vehicles without available off-street public parking shall be eligible for parking permits. The definition of “available off-street public parking” shall include having reasonable access to a Borough-owned parking lot within 200 feet of a residence.

F. A permit providing for ~~on-street~~ parking pursuant to Subsections (A) **and (B)** may be obtained by application to the ~~Borough Clerk~~ **Zoning Officer** by any resident of ~~There shall be no fee for such permit.~~ **The fee for such application shall be \$10 annually.** Such application must be accompanied by **the following**:

(1) Proof of residence. **Such proof may be in the form of a current driver’s license; utility bill, bank statement, or credit card bill dated within the last two months; or current executed lease agreement. The Zoning Officer may accept an alternate document as proof of residency within his / her discretion.**

(2) **Copies of applicant’s driver’s license and vehicle registration.**

(2) **Proof of automobile insurance in compliance with statutory minimum required amounts of coverage**

(3) **Executed release and hold harmless agreement in a form on file with the Borough Clerk’s office.**

G. **Permits issued pursuant to this Section shall be issued annually and shall** ~~Property owner permits shall be issued for a period of no greater than three years, tenant permits shall be~~

issued for a period of no greater than one year, and all permits shall expire on December 31 of the appropriate year or upon termination of residence.

~~A permit is not required for off-street parking pursuant to Subsection (B).~~

GH. Residents shall be entitled to receive one resident permit per household for a vehicle that is principally garaged or parked at the residence address, which fact shall be certified to by the resident at the time of application.

HI. Resident permits shall be affixed to the vehicle to which they are issued, so as to be clearly visible and unobscured at the location hereafter set forth. Visitor permits shall be displayed in such location but need not be affixed to the visitor vehicle. On vehicles with a rear window, the permit shall be placed on the inside surface at the lower left corner of the rear window. On vehicles without a rear window, the permit shall be placed on the inside surface of the rearmost left-hand side window at the lower right-hand corner of same.

IJ. All persons parking pursuant to permit shall comply with all applicable parking and traffic rules and regulations.

JK. It shall be a violation of this section to photocopy, otherwise reproduce, or in any way create a facsimile or counterfeit permit. It shall be a violation hereof to display or otherwise use a permit known to be counterfeit. It shall be a violation hereof to furnish false information or fraudulent documents in connection with an application for a permit. It shall be a violation to use or allow anyone to use a valid permit in violation of this section. Any person violating the provisions hereof shall be subject to a fine not to exceed \$300 and/or imprisonment for not more than 10 days.

L. Other Requirements and Restrictions of Permit Holders

(1) Only one permit per vehicle and one permit per household shall be issued.

(2) The applicant / permit holder must be the registered owner of the vehicle.

Parking permits are not transferable to other operators or vehicles.

(3) Parking permits must be affixed to the rear window of the vehicle and readily visible.

(4) All vehicles for which a permit has been issued must be properly maintained, insured, and registered.

(5) Repairs of any type to a vehicle are prohibited in the subject parking lot and affected street.

(6) Parking permits are the property of the Borough of Washington. Permit holders that no longer require parking shall return their permit to the Borough.

(7) Overnight parking spaces in the subject parking lots are properly marked. If a designated parking space is not available, the permit holder may not occupy another spot that is not properly designated.

(8) *During snow emergencies, no vehicle may be parked on Borough streets until the snow has ceased and the streets have been plowed and/or treated sufficiently and to the extent that parking will not interfere with the normal flow of traffic. Permit holders parked in a parking lot shall be responsible for moving their vehicle appropriately following snow emergencies to allow for proper snow removal in the parking lot.*

M. *Suspension or Revocation of Permit; Towing; Hearing*

A. *Any parking license issued hereunder may be suspended or revoked by the Borough, acting through the Zoning Officer or Borough Police Officers, for any of the following reasons:*

(1) *The permit holder has knowingly made any false and materially incorrect statement in the application.*

(2) *The permit holder knowingly violates or knowingly permits or countenances the violation of any provision of this Section.*

(3) *The permit is being abused or manipulated by a permit holder or the permit holder is violating the policies of the assigned lot*

(4) *The permitted vehicle creates a hazardous condition (leaking fluid, etc.)*

B. *No suspension or revocation of any permit issued hereunder shall be made until a ten-day written notice of suspension or revocation has been given to the permit holder personally or by mailing the same by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the permit holder at the address noted in the original application for the permit and a reasonable opportunity to be heard thereon afforded. The hearing shall be held before and conducted by the Borough Council. Such suspension or revocation shall apply to the permit holder and the residence noted in the application. Any revocation shall render the permit holder ineligible to receive any other permit under this Section for a period of one year from the effective date thereof and may, in the discretion of the Borough Council, render the licensed premises ineligible for any future license under said article.*

C. *Vehicles parked in violation of this Section will be subject to towing at the owner's expense. Any vehicle creating a hazardous condition (leaking fluid, etc.) will be towed at the owner's expense.*

SECTION 2. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistent herewith are repealed as to such inconsistencies.

SECTION 3. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions thereof.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance shall take effect upon final passage and publication according to law.

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Brown to approve and introduce on first reading ORDINANCE 2023-07, with public hearing and adoption scheduled for March 21, 2023

Roll call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.
Ayes: 5 Nays: 1 (Gorshkov)
Motion passes.

ORDINANCE 2023-07
CALENDAR YEAR 2023
ORDINANCE TO EXCEED THE MUNICIPAL BUDGET APPROPRIATION LIMITS
AND TO ESTABLISH A CAP BANK
(N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.14)

WHEREAS, the Local Government Cap Law, N.J.S. 40A: 4-45.1 et seq., provides that in the preparation of its annual budget, a municipality shall limit any increase in said budget up to 2.5% unless authorized by ordinance to increase it to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, subject to certain exceptions; and,

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.15a provides that a municipality may, when authorized by ordinance, appropriate the difference between the amount of its actual final appropriation and the 3.5% percentage rate as an exception to its final appropriations in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

WHEREAS, the Borough Council of the Borough of Washington in the County of Warren finds it advisable and necessary to increase its CY 2023 budget by up to 3.5% over the previous year's final appropriations, in the interest of promoting the health, safety and welfare of the citizens; and,

WHEREAS, the Borough Council hereby determines that a 1.0 % increase in the budget for said year, amounting to \$29,502.28 in excess of the increase in final appropriations otherwise permitted by the Local Government Cap Law, is advisable and necessary; and,

WHEREAS the Borough Council hereby determines that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT ORDAINED, by the Borough Council of the Borough of Washington, in the County of Warren, a majority of the full authorized membership of this governing body affirmatively concurring, that, in the CY 2023 budget year, the final appropriations of the Borough of Washington shall, in accordance with this ordinance and N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-45.14, be increased by 3.5%, amounting to \$ 103,257.98, and that the CY 2023 municipal budget for the Borough of Washington be approved and adopted in accordance with this ordinance; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that any that any amount authorized hereinabove that is not appropriated as part of the final budget shall be retained as an exception to final appropriation in either of the next two succeeding years; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that a certified copy of this ordinance as introduced be filed with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services within 5 days of introduction; and,

BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED, that a certified copy of this ordinance upon adoption, with the recorded vote included thereon, be filed with said Director within 5 days after such adoption.

ORDINANCE 2023-08 TABLED

ORDINANCES 2nd reading

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to open the public hearing for Ordinance 2023-01 all were in favor.

Hearing no further public comment, motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to close the public hearing, all were in favor.

Motion made by brown and seconded by Cox to adopt Ordinance 2023-01

Roll call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

ORDINANCE NO. 2023-01

ORDINANCE FOR ADOPTION OF THE FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS OF THE BOROUGH OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WARREN, STATE OF NEW JERSEY

AN ORDINANCE BY THE BOROUGH COUNCIL AMENDING THE BOROUGH OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WARREN CODE OF ORDINANCES TO REPEAL CHAPTER 44A FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION; TO ADOPT A NEW CHAPTER 44A FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION; TO ADOPT FLOOD HAZARD MAPS; TO DESIGNATE A FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of New Jersey has, in N.J.S.A. 40:48 et seq and N.J.S.A. 40:55D et seq., conferred upon local governments the authority to adopt regulations designed to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare of its citizenry; and

WHEREAS, the Federal Emergency Management Agency has identified special flood hazard areas within the boundaries of the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren and such areas may be subject to periodic inundation which may result in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare, and

WHEREAS, the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren was accepted for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program on August 16, **1982** and the Borough Council desires to continue to meet the requirements of Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 59, 60, 65 and 70 necessary for such participation; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren is required, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 5:23 et seq., to administer and enforce the State building codes, and such building codes contain certain provisions that apply to the design and construction of buildings and structures in flood hazard areas; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren is required, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:49-5, to enforce zoning codes that secure safety from floods and contain certain provisions that apply to the development of lands; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren is required, pursuant to N.J.S.A.58:16A-57, within 12 months after the delineation of any flood hazard area, to adopt rules and regulations concerning the development and use of land in the flood fringe area which at least conform to the standards promulgated by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP).

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the **Borough Council** of the **Borough Of Washington**, County of Warren that the following floodplain management regulations are hereby adopted.

SECTION 1. RECITALS.

The foregoing whereas clauses are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

SECTION 2. These regulations specifically repeal and replace the following ordinance(s) and regulation(s): Repeal Chapter 44A, Flood Damage Prevention and replace with Chapter 44A Flood Damage Prevention.

SECTION 44A-101 SCOPE AND ADMINISTRATION

44A-101.1 Title. These regulations, in combination with the flood provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (UCC) N.J.A.C. 5:23 (hereinafter "Uniform Construction Code," consisting of the Building Code, Residential Code, Rehabilitation Subcode, and related codes, and the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act (hereinafter "FHACA"), N.J.A.C. 7:13, shall be known as the *Floodplain Management Regulations* of the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren (hereinafter "these regulations").

44A-101.2 Scope. These regulations, in combination with the flood provisions of the Uniform Construction Code and FHACA shall apply to all proposed development in flood hazard areas established in Section 44A-102 of these regulations.

44A-101.3 Purposes and objectives. The purposes and objectives of these regulations are to promote the public health, safety and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific flood hazard areas through the establishment of comprehensive regulations for management of flood hazard areas, designed to:

- (1) Protect human life and health.
- (2) Prevent unnecessary disruption of commerce, access, and public service during times of flooding.
- (3) Manage the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels and shorelines;
- (4) Manage filling, grading, dredging and other development which may increase flood damage or erosion potential.
- (5) Prevent or regulate the construction of flood barriers which will divert floodwater or increase flood hazards.
- (6) Contribute to improved construction techniques in the floodplain.
- (7) Minimize damage to public and private facilities and utilities.
- (8) Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and development of flood hazard areas.
- (9) Minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding.
- (10) Ensure that property owners, occupants, and potential owners are aware of property located in flood hazard areas.
- (11) Minimize the need for future expenditure of public funds for flood control projects and response to and recovery from flood events.
- (12) Meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program for community participation set forth in Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 59.22.

44A-101.4 Coordination with Building Codes. Pursuant to the requirement established in N.J.A.C. 5:23, the Uniform Construction Code, that the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren administer and enforce the State building codes, the Borough Council of the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren does hereby acknowledge that the Uniform Construction Code contains certain provisions that apply to the design and construction of buildings and structures in flood hazard areas. Therefore, these regulations are intended to be administered and enforced in conjunction with the Uniform Construction Code.

44A-101.5 Ordinary Building Maintenance and Minor Work. Improvements defined as ordinary building maintenance and minor work projects by the Uniform Construction Code including non-structural replacement-in-kind of windows, doors, cabinets, plumbing fixtures, decks, walls, partitions, new flooring materials, roofing, etc. shall be evaluated by the Floodplain Administrator through the floodplain development permit to ensure compliance with the Substantial Damage and Substantial Improvement Section 44A-103.14 of this ordinance.

44A-101.6 Warning. The degree of flood protection required by these regulations is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur. Flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. Enforcement of these regulations does not imply that land outside the special flood hazard areas, or that uses permitted within such flood hazard areas, will be free from flooding or flood damage.

44A-101.7 Other laws. The provisions of these regulations shall not be deemed to nullify any provisions of local, State, or Federal law.

44A-101.8 Violations and Penalties for Noncompliance. No structure or land shall hereafter be constructed, re-located to, extended, converted, or altered without full compliance with the terms of this ordinance and other applicable regulations. Violation of the provisions of this ordinance by failure to comply with any of its requirements (including violations of conditions and safeguards established in connection with conditions) shall constitute a violation under N.J.S.A. 40:49-5. Any person who violates this ordinance or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall be subject to one (1) or more of the following: a fine of not more than \$1250, imprisonment for a term not exceeding ninety(90) days or a period of community service not exceeding 90 days.

Each day in which a violation of an ordinance exists shall be considered to be a separate and distinct violation subject to the imposition of a separate penalty for each day of the violation as the Court may determine except that the owner will be afforded the opportunity to cure or abate the condition during a 30-day period and shall be afforded the opportunity for a hearing before the court for an independent determination concerning the violation. Subsequent to the expiration of the 30-day period, a fine greater than \$1250 may be imposed if the court has not determined otherwise, or if upon reinspection of the property, it is determined that the abatement has not been substantially completed.

Any person who is convicted of violating an ordinance within one year of the date of a previous violation of the same ordinance and who was fined for the previous violation, shall be sentenced by a court to an additional fine as a repeat offender. The additional fine imposed by the court upon a person for a repeated offense shall not be less than the minimum or exceed the maximum fine fixed for a violation of the ordinance, but shall be calculated separately from the fine imposed for the violation of the ordinance.

44A-101.8.1 Solid Waste Disposal in a Flood Hazard Area. Any person who has unlawfully disposed of solid waste in a floodway or floodplain who fails to comply with this ordinance or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than \$2500 or up to a maximum penalty by a fine not exceeding \$10,000 under N.J.S.A. 40:49-5.

44A-101.9 Abrogation and greater restrictions. These regulations supersede any ordinance in effect in flood hazard areas. However, these regulations are not intended to repeal or abrogate any existing ordinances including land development regulations, subdivision regulations, zoning ordinances, stormwater management regulations, or building codes. In the event of a conflict between these regulations and any other ordinance, code, or regulation, the more restrictive shall govern.

SECTION 44A-102 APPLICABILITY

44A-102.1 General. These regulations, in conjunction with the Uniform Construction Code, provide minimum requirements for development located in flood hazard areas, including the subdivision of land and other developments; site improvements and installation of utilities; placement and replacement of manufactured homes; placement of recreational vehicles; new construction and alterations, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation or additions of existing buildings and structures; substantial improvement of existing buildings and structures, including repair of substantial damage; installation of tanks; temporary structures and temporary or permanent storage; utility and miscellaneous Group U buildings and structures; and certain building work exempt from permit under the Uniform Construction Code; and other buildings and development activities.

44A-102.2 Establishment of Flood Hazard Areas. The Borough Of Washington, County of Warren was accepted for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program on August **16, 1982.**

The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) floodplain management regulations encourage that all Federal, State, and Local regulations that are more stringent than the minimum NFIP standards take precedence in permitting decisions. The FHACA requires that the effective Flood Insurance Rate Map, most recent preliminary FEMA mapping and flood studies, and Department delineations be compared to determine the most restrictive mapping. The FHACA also regulates unstudied flood hazard areas in watersheds measuring 50 acres or greater in size and most riparian zones in New Jersey. Because of these higher standards, the regulated flood hazard area in New Jersey may be more expansive and more restrictive than the FEMA Special Flood Hazard Area. Maps and studies that establish flood hazard areas are on file at the office of the Borough Engineer, 100 Belvidere Avenue; Washington, NJ 07882.

The following sources identify flood hazard areas in this jurisdiction and must be considered when determining the Best Available Flood Hazard Data Area:

- 1) **Effective Flood Insurance Study.** Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in a scientific and engineering report entitled Flood Insurance Study, Warren County (All Jurisdictions) dated September 29, 2011 and the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) identified in Table 44A-102.2(1) whose effective date is September 29, 2011 are hereby adopted by reference.

Table 44A-102.2(1)

1. 3. ap Panel #	4. ffec tive Date	5. uff ix	6. ap Panel #	7. ffec tive Date	8. uff ix
9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
15. 4041 C023 9	16. ept. 29, 201 1	17.	18. 4041 C032 6	19. ept. 29, 201 1	20.
21. 4041 C023 8	22. ept. 29, 201 1	23.	24.	25.	26.

Federal Best Available Information. The Borough Of Washington, County of Warren shall utilize Federal flood information as listed in the table below that provides more detailed hazard information, higher flood elevations, larger flood hazard areas, and results in more restrictive regulations. This information may include but is not limited to preliminary flood elevation guidance from FEMA (such as Advisory Flood Hazard Area Maps, Work Maps or Preliminary FIS and FIRM). Additional Federal Best Available studies issued after the date of this ordinance must also be considered. These studies are listed on FEMA’s Map Service Center. This information shall be used for floodplain regulation purposes only.

Table 44A-102.2(2)

27. 28. M ap Panel #	29. Preli minary Date	30. M ap Panel #	31. Preli minary Date
32. N one as of the date of this ordinanc e	33.	34.	35.

2) **Other Best Available Data.** The Borough Of Washington, County of Warren shall utilize high water elevations from flood events, groundwater flooding areas, studies by federal or state agencies, or other information deemed appropriate by the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren Other “best available information” may not be used which results in less restrictive flood elevations, design standards, or smaller flood hazard areas than the sources described in Section 44A-102.2 (1) and (2), above.

This information shall be used for floodplain regulation purposes only.

- 3) **State Regulated Flood Hazard Areas.** For State regulated waters, the NJ Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) identifies the flood hazard area as the land, and the space above that land, which lies below the “Flood Hazard Area Control Act Design Flood Elevation”, as defined in Section 44A-201, and as described in the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act at N.J.A.C. 7:13. A FHACA flood hazard area exists along every regulated water that has a drainage area of 50 acres or greater. Such area may extend beyond the boundaries of the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) as identified by FEMA. The following is a list of New Jersey State studied waters in this community under the FHACA, and their respective map identification numbers.

Table 44A-102.2(3) List of State Studied Waters

36. Name of Studied Water	37. File Name	38. Map Number
39. POHATCONG CREEK	40. FFMR0074	41. PH-9
42. POHATCONG CREEK	43. FFMR0075	44. PH-10
45. SHABBECONG CREEK	46. FFMR0065	47. SH-1
48. SHABBECONG CREEK	49. FFMR0081	50. SH-2

44A-102.3 Establishing the Local Design Flood Elevation (LDFE).

The Local Design Flood Elevation (LDFE) is established in the flood hazard areas determined in Section 44A-102.2, above, using the best available flood hazard data sources, and the Flood Hazard Area Control Act minimum Statewide elevation requirements for lowest floors in A, Coastal A, and V zones, ASCE 24 requirements for critical facilities as specified by the building code, plus additional freeboard as specified by this ordinance.

At a minimum, the Local Design Flood Elevation shall be as follows:

- 1) For a delineated watercourse, the elevation associated with the Best Available Flood Hazard Data Area determined in Section 44A-102.2, above plus one foot or as described by N.J.A.C. 7:13 of freeboard; or
- 2) For any undelineated watercourse (where mapping or studies described in 44A-102.2 (1) and (2) above are not available) that has a contributory drainage area of 50 acres or more, the applicants must provide one of the following to determine the Local Design Flood Elevation:
 - a. A copy of an unexpired NJDEP Flood Hazard Area Verification plus one of freeboard and any additional freeboard as required by ASCE 24; or
 - b. A determination of the Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation using Method 5 or Method 6 (as described in N.J.A.C. 7:13) plus one foot of freeboard and any additional freeboard as required by ASCE 24. Any determination using these methods must be sealed and submitted according to Section 44A-105.2-3.
- 3) AO Zones – For Zone AO areas on the municipality’s FIRM (or on preliminary flood elevation guidance from FEMA), the Local Design Flood Elevation is determined from the FIRM panel as the highest adjacent grade plus the depth number specified plus one foot of freeboard. If no depth number is specified, the Local Design Flood Elevation is three (3) feet above the highest adjacent grade.
- 4) Class IV Critical Facilities - For any proposed development of new and substantially improved Flood Design Class IV Critical Facilities, the Local Design Flood Elevation must be the higher of the 0.2% annual chance (500 year) flood elevation or the Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation with an additional 2 feet of freeboard in accordance with ASCE 24.
- 5) Class III Critical Facilities - For proposed development of new and substantially improved Flood Design Class III Critical Facilities in coastal high hazard areas, the Local Design Flood Elevation must be the higher of the 0.2% annual chance (500 year) flood elevation or the Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation with an additional 1 foot of freeboard in accordance with ASCE 24.

SECTION 44A-103 DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

44A-103.1 Floodplain Administrator Designation. The Borough Zoning Officer is designated the Floodplain Administrator. The Floodplain Administrator shall have the authority to delegate performance of certain duties to other employees.

44A-103.2 General. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized and directed to administer the provisions of these regulations. The Floodplain Administrator shall have the authority to render interpretations of these regulations consistent with the intent and purpose of these regulations and to establish policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, policies and procedures shall be consistent with the intent and purpose of these regulations and the flood provisions of the building code and shall not have the effect of waiving specific requirements without the granting of a variance pursuant to Section 44A-107 of these regulations.

44A-103.3 Coordination. The Floodplain Administrator shall coordinate with the Construction Official to administer and enforce the flood provisions of the Uniform Construction Code.

44A-103.4 Duties. The duties of the Floodplain Administrator shall include but are not limited to:

- (1) Review all permit applications to determine whether proposed development is located in flood hazard areas established in Section 44A-102 of these regulations.
- (2) Require development in flood hazard areas to be reasonably safe from flooding and to be designed and constructed with methods, practices and materials that minimize flood damage.
- (3) Interpret flood hazard area boundaries and provide available flood elevation and flood hazard information.
- (4) Determine whether additional flood hazard data shall be obtained or developed.
- (5) Review required certifications and documentation specified by these regulations and the building code to determine that such certifications and documentations are complete.
- (6) Establish, in coordination with the Construction Official, written procedures for administering and documenting determinations of substantial improvement and substantial damage made pursuant to Section 44A-103.14 of these regulations.
- (7) Coordinate with the Construction Official and others to identify and investigate damaged buildings located in flood hazard areas and inform owners of the requirement to obtain permits for repairs.
- (8) Review requests submitted to the Construction Official seeking approval to modify the strict application of the flood load and flood resistant construction requirements of the Uniform Construction code to determine whether such requests require consideration as a variance pursuant to Section 44A-107 of these regulations.
- (9) Require applicants who submit hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analyses to support permit applications to submit to FEMA the data and information necessary to maintain the Flood Insurance Rate Maps when the analyses propose to change base flood elevations, flood hazard area boundaries, or floodway designations; such submissions shall be made within 6 months of such data becoming available.
- (10) Require applicants who propose alteration of a watercourse to notify adjacent jurisdictions and the NJDEP Bureau of Flood Engineering, and to submit copies of such notifications to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

- (11) Inspect development in accordance with Section 44A-106 of these regulations and inspect flood hazard areas to determine if development is undertaken without issuance of permits.
- (12) Prepare comments and recommendations for consideration when applicants seek variances in accordance with Section 44A-107 of these regulations.
- (13) Cite violations in accordance with Section 44A-108 of these regulations.
- (14) Notify the Federal Emergency Management Agency when the corporate boundaries of the Borough Of Washington, County of Warren have been modified.
- (15) Permit Ordinary Maintenance and Minor Work in the regulated areas discussed in Section 44A-102.2.

44A-103.5 Use of changed technical data. The Floodplain Administrator and the applicant shall not use changed flood hazard area boundaries or base flood elevations for proposed buildings or developments unless the Floodplain Administrator or applicant has applied for a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) revision and has received the approval of the Federal Emergency Management Agency. A revision of the effective FIRM does not remove the related feature(s) on a flood hazard area delineation that has been promulgated by the NJDEP. A separate application must be made to the State pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:13 for revision of a flood hazard design flood elevation, flood hazard area limit, floodway limit, and/or other related feature.

44A-103.6 Other permits. It shall be the responsibility of the Floodplain Administrator to assure that approval of a proposed development shall not be given until proof that necessary permits have been granted by Federal or State agencies having jurisdiction over such development, including Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. In the event of conflicting permit requirements, the Floodplain Administrator must ensure that the most restrictive floodplain management standards are reflected in permit approvals.

44A-103.7 Determination of Local Design Flood Elevations. If design flood elevations are not specified, the Floodplain Administrator is authorized to require the applicant to:

- (1) Obtain, review, and reasonably utilize data available from a Federal, State, or other source, or
- (2) Determine the design flood elevation in accordance with accepted hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques. Such analyses shall be performed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer. Studies, analyses, and computations shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow review and approval by the Floodplain Administrator. The accuracy of data submitted for such determination shall be the responsibility of the applicant.

It shall be the responsibility of the Floodplain Administrator to verify that the applicant's proposed Best Available Flood Hazard Data Area and the Local Design Flood Elevation in any development permit accurately applies the best available flood hazard data and methodologies for determining flood hazard areas and design elevations described in 44A-102.2 and 44A-102.3 respectively. This information shall be provided to the Construction Official and documented according to Section 44A-103.15.

44A-103.8 Requirement to submit new technical data. Base Flood Elevations may increase or decrease resulting from natural changes (e.g. erosion, accretion, channel migration, subsidence, uplift) or man-made physical changes (e.g. dredging, filling, excavation) affecting

flooding conditions. As soon as practicable, but not later than six months after the date of a man-made change or when information about a natural change becomes available, the Floodplain Administrator shall notify the Federal Insurance Administrator of the changes by submitting technical or scientific data in accordance with Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations Section 65.3. Such a submission is necessary so that upon confirmation of those physical changes affecting flooding conditions, risk premium rates and floodplain management requirements will be based upon current data.

44A-103.9 Activities in riverine flood hazard areas. In riverine flood hazard areas where design flood elevations are specified but floodways have not been designated, the Floodplain Administrator shall not permit any new construction, substantial improvement or other development, including the placement of fill, unless the applicant submits an engineering analysis prepared by a licensed professional engineer that demonstrates that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated flood hazard area encroachment, will not increase the design flood elevation more than 0.2 feet at any point within the community.

44A-103.10 Floodway encroachment. Prior to issuing a permit for any floodway encroachment, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements and other development or land-disturbing-activity, the Floodplain Administrator shall require submission of a certification prepared by a licensed professional engineer, along with supporting technical data, that demonstrates that such development will not cause any increase in the base flood level.

44A-103.10.1 Floodway revisions. A floodway encroachment that increases the level of the base flood is authorized if the applicant has applied for a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) and has received the approval of FEMA.

44A-103.11 Watercourse alteration. Prior to issuing a permit for any alteration or relocation of any watercourse, the Floodplain Administrator shall require the applicant to provide notification of the proposal to the appropriate authorities of all adjacent government jurisdictions, as well as the NJDEP Bureau of Flood Engineering and the Division of Land Resource Protection. A copy of the notification shall be maintained in the permit records and submitted to FEMA.

44A-103.11.1 Engineering analysis. The Floodplain Administrator shall require submission of an engineering analysis prepared by a licensed professional engineer, demonstrating that the flood-carrying capacity of the altered or relocated portion of the watercourse will be maintained, neither increased nor decreased. Such watercourses shall be maintained in a manner that preserves the channel's flood-carrying capacity.

44A-103.12 Alterations in coastal areas. The excavation or alteration of sand dunes is governed by the New Jersey Coastal Zone Management (CZM) rules, N.J.A.C. 7:7. Prior to issuing a flood damage prevention permit for any alteration of sand dunes in coastal high hazard areas and Coastal A Zones, the Floodplain Administrator shall require that a New Jersey CZM permit be obtained and included in the flood damage prevention permit application. The applicant shall also provide documentation of any engineering analysis, prepared by a licensed professional engineer, that demonstrates that the proposed alteration will not increase the potential for flood damage.

44A-103.13 Development in riparian zones All development in Riparian Zones as described in N.J.A.C. 7:13 is prohibited by this ordinance unless the applicant has received an individual or

general permit or has complied with the requirements of a permit by rule or permit by certification from NJDEP Division of Land Resource Protection prior to application for a floodplain development permit and the project is compliant with all other Floodplain Development provisions of this ordinance. The width of the riparian zone can range between 50 and 300 feet and is determined by the attributes of the waterbody and designated in the New Jersey Surface Water Quality Standards N.J.A.C. 7:9B. The portion of the riparian zone located outside of a regulated water is measured landward from the top of bank. Applicants can request a verification of the riparian zone limits or a permit applicability determination to determine State permit requirements under N.J.A.C. 7:13 from the NJDEP Division of Land Resource Protection.

44A-103.14 Substantial improvement and substantial damage determinations. When buildings and structures are damaged due to any cause including but not limited to man-made, structural, electrical, mechanical, or natural hazard events, or are determined to be unsafe as described in N.J.A.C. 5:23; and for applications for building permits to improve buildings and structures, including alterations, movement, repair, additions, rehabilitations, renovations, ordinary maintenance and minor work, substantial improvements, repairs of substantial damage, and any other improvement of or work on such buildings and structures, the Floodplain Administrator, in coordination with the Construction Official, shall:

- (1) Estimate the market value or require the applicant to obtain a professional appraisal prepared by a qualified independent appraiser, of the market value of the building or structure before the start of construction of the proposed work; in the case of repair, the market value of the building or structure shall be the market value before the damage occurred and before any repairs are made.
- (2) Determine and include the costs of all ordinary maintenance and minor work, as discussed in Section 44A-102.2, performed in the floodplain regulated by this ordinance in addition to the costs of those improvements regulated by the Construction Official in substantial damage and substantial improvement calculations.
- (3) Compare the cost to perform the improvement, the cost to repair the damaged building to its pre-damaged condition, or the combined costs of improvements and repairs, where applicable, to the market value of the building or structure.
- (4) Determine and document whether the proposed work constitutes substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage.
- (5) Notify the applicant in writing when it is determined that the work constitutes substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage and that compliance with the flood resistant construction requirements of the building code is required and notify the applicant when it is determined that work does not constitute substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage. The Floodplain Administrator shall also provide all letters documenting substantial damage and compliance with flood resistant construction requirements of the building code to the NJDEP Bureau of Flood Engineering.

44A-103.15 Department records. In addition to the requirements of the building code and these regulations, and regardless of any limitation on the period required for retention of public records, the Floodplain Administrator shall maintain and permanently keep and make available for public inspection all records that are necessary for the administration of these regulations and the flood provisions of the Uniform Construction Code, including Flood Insurance Studies, Flood Insurance Rate Maps; documents from FEMA that amend or revise FIRMs; NJDEP delineations, records of issuance of permits and denial of permits; records of ordinary maintenance and minor work, determinations of whether proposed work constitutes substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage; required certifications and documentation specified by the Uniform

Construction Code and these regulations including as-built Elevation Certificates; notifications to adjacent communities, FEMA, and the State related to alterations of watercourses; assurance that the flood carrying capacity of altered waterways will be maintained; documentation related to variances, including justification for issuance or denial; and records of enforcement actions taken pursuant to these regulations and the flood resistant provisions of the Uniform Construction Code. The Floodplain Administrator shall also record the required elevation, determination method, and base flood elevation source used to determine the Local Design Flood Elevation in the floodplain development permit.

44A-103.16 Liability. The Floodplain Administrator and any employee charged with the enforcement of these regulations, while acting for the jurisdiction in good faith and without malice in the discharge of the duties required by these regulations or other pertinent law or ordinance, shall not thereby be rendered liable personally and is hereby relieved from personal liability for any damage accruing to persons or property as a result of any act or by reason of an act or omission in the discharge of official duties. Any suit instituted against an officer or employee because of an act performed by that officer or employee in the lawful discharge of duties and under the provisions of these regulations shall be defended by legal representative of the jurisdiction until the final termination of the proceedings. The Floodplain Administrator and any subordinate shall not be liable for cost in any action, suit or proceeding that is instituted in pursuance of the provisions of these regulations.

SECTION 44A-104 PERMITS

44A-104.1 Permits Required. Any person, owner or authorized agent who intends to conduct any development in a flood hazard area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and shall obtain the required permit. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed development that includes a building or structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a floodplain development permit or approval is required in addition to a building permit.

44A-104.2 Application for permit. The applicant shall file an application in writing on a form furnished by the Floodplain Administrator. Such application shall:

- (1) Identify and describe the development to be covered by the permit.
- (2) Describe the land on which the proposed development is to be conducted by legal description, street address or similar description that will readily identify and definitively locate the site.
- (3) Indicate the use and occupancy for which the proposed development is intended.
- (4) Be accompanied by a site plan and construction documents as specified in Section 44A-105 of these regulations, grading and filling plans and other information deemed appropriate by the Floodplain Administrator.
- (5) State the valuation of the proposed work, including the valuation of ordinary maintenance and minor work.
- (6) Be signed by the applicant or the applicant's authorized agent.

44A-104.3 Validity of permit. The issuance of a permit under these regulations or the Uniform Construction Code shall not be construed to be a permit for, or approval of, any violation of this appendix or any other ordinance of the jurisdiction. The issuance of a permit based on submitted documents and information shall not prevent the Floodplain Administrator from requiring the correction of errors. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to prevent occupancy or use of

a structure or site which is in violation of these regulations or other ordinances of this jurisdiction.

44A-104.4 Expiration. A permit shall become invalid when the proposed development is not commenced within 180 days after its issuance, or when the work authorized is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days after the work commences. Extensions shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to grant, in writing, one or more extensions of time, for periods not more than 180 days each.

44A-104.5 Suspension or revocation. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to suspend or revoke a permit issued under these regulations wherever the permit is issued in error or on the basis of incorrect, inaccurate or incomplete information, or in violation of any ordinance or code of this jurisdiction.

44A-104.6 Permit Fees and Review Escrow. Where it is determined that a permit is required in accordance with Section 44A-104.1, payment of an application fee of \$100 to the Borough of Washington shall accompany the permit application. Additionally, where the Floodplain Administrator requests the assistance of the Municipal Engineer in accordance with Section 44A-103.1, the applicant shall also deposit an initial escrow amount of \$200 to the Borough of Washington for the purpose of payment of reasonable engineering costs. As necessary, the applicant may be required to make additional deposits into said escrow account within 10 days of receipt of a written request from the Borough. Failure to make timely deposits may result in the application being delayed, denied, or permit revoked. Any remaining funds in the escrow account 180 days after a permit has been issued shall be returned to the applicant.

SECTION 44A-105 SITE PLANS AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS

44A-105.1 Information for development in flood hazard areas. The site plan or construction documents for any development subject to the requirements of these regulations shall be drawn to scale and shall include, as applicable to the proposed development:

- (1) Delineation of flood hazard areas, floodway boundaries and flood zone(s), base flood elevation(s), and ground elevations when necessary for review of the proposed development. For buildings that are located in more than one flood hazard area, the elevation and provisions associated with the most restrictive flood hazard area shall apply.
- (2) Where base flood elevations or floodway data are not included on the FIRM or in the Flood Insurance Study, they shall be established in accordance with Section 44A-105.2.
- (3) Where the parcel on which the proposed development will take place will have more than 50 lots or is larger than 5 acres and base flood elevations are not included on the FIRM or in the Flood Insurance Study, such elevations shall be established in accordance with Section 44A-105.2(3) of these regulations.
- (4) Location of the proposed activity and proposed structures, and locations of existing buildings and structures; in coastal high hazard areas and Coastal A zones, new buildings shall be located landward of the reach of mean high tide.
- (5) Location, extent, amount, and proposed final grades of any filling, grading, or excavation.
- (6) Where the placement of fill is proposed, the amount, type, and source of fill material;

compaction specifications; a description of the intended purpose of the fill areas; and evidence that the proposed fill areas are the minimum necessary to achieve the intended purpose. The applicant shall provide an engineering certification confirming that the proposal meets the flood storage displacement limitations of N.J.A.C. 7:13.

- (7) Extent of any proposed alteration of sand dunes.
- (8) Existing and proposed alignment of any proposed alteration of a watercourse.
- (9) Floodproofing certifications, V Zone and Breakaway Wall Certifications, Operations and Maintenance Plans, Warning and Evacuation Plans and other documentation required pursuant to FEMA publications.

The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to waive the submission of site plans, construction documents, and other data that are required by these regulations but that are not required to be prepared by a registered design professional when it is found that the nature of the proposed development is such that the review of such submissions is not necessary to ascertain compliance.

44A-105.2 Information in flood hazard areas without base flood elevations (approximate Zone A). Where flood hazard areas are delineated on the effective or preliminary FIRM and base flood elevation data have not been provided, the applicant shall consult with the Floodplain Administrator to determine whether to:

- (1) Use the Approximation Method (Method 5) described in N.J.A.C. 7:13 in conjunction with Appendix 1 of the FHACA to determine the required flood elevation.
- (2) Obtain, review, and reasonably utilize data available from a Federal, State or other source when those data are deemed acceptable to the Floodplain Administrator to reasonably reflect flooding conditions.
- (3) Determine the base flood elevation in accordance with accepted hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques according to Method 6 as described in N.J.A.C. 7:13. Such analyses shall be performed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer.

Studies, analyses, and computations shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow review and approval by the Floodplain Administrator prior to floodplain development permit issuance. The accuracy of data submitted for such determination shall be the responsibility of the applicant. Where the data are to be used to support a Letter of Map Change (LOMC) from FEMA, the applicant shall be responsible for satisfying the submittal requirements and pay the processing fees.

44A-105.3 Analyses and certifications by a Licensed Professional Engineer. As applicable to the location and nature of the proposed development activity, and in addition to the requirements of this section, the applicant shall have the following analyses signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer for submission with the site plan and construction documents:

- (1) For development activities proposed to be located in a regulatory floodway, a floodway encroachment analysis that demonstrates that the encroachment of the proposed development will not cause any increase in base flood elevations; where the applicant proposes to undertake development activities that do increase base flood elevations, the applicant shall submit such analysis to FEMA as specified in Section 44A-105.4 of these regulations and shall submit the Conditional Letter of Map Revision, if issued by FEMA, with the site plan and construction documents.

- (2) For development activities proposed to be located in a riverine flood hazard area where base flood elevations are included in the FIS or FIRM but floodways have not been designated, hydrologic and hydraulic analyses that demonstrate that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated flood hazard area encroachments will not increase the base flood elevation more than 0.2 feet at any point within the jurisdiction. This requirement does not apply in isolated flood hazard areas not connected to a riverine flood hazard area or in flood hazard areas identified as Zone AO or Zone AH.
- (3) For alteration of a watercourse, an engineering analysis prepared in accordance with standard engineering practices which demonstrates that the flood-carrying capacity of the altered or relocated portion of the watercourse will not be decreased, and certification that the altered watercourse shall be maintained, neither increasing nor decreasing the channel's flood-carrying capacity. The applicant shall submit the analysis to FEMA as specified in Section 44A-105.4 of these regulations. The applicant shall notify the chief executive officer of all affected adjacent jurisdictions, the NJDEP's Bureau of Flood Engineering and the Division of Land Resource Protection; and shall provide documentation of such notifications.
- (4) For activities that propose to alter sand dunes in coastal high hazard areas (Zone V) and Coastal A Zones, an engineering analysis that demonstrates that the proposed alteration will not increase the potential for flood damage and documentation of the issuance of a New Jersey Coastal Zone Management permit under N.J.A.C. 7:7.
- (5) For analyses performed using Methods 5 and 6 (as described in N.J.A.C. 7:13) in flood hazard zones without base flood elevations (approximate A zones).

44A-105.4 Submission of additional data. When additional hydrologic, hydraulic or other engineering data, studies, and additional analyses are submitted to support an application, the applicant has the right to seek a Letter of Map Change (LOMC) from FEMA to change the base flood elevations, change floodway boundaries, or change boundaries of flood hazard areas shown on FIRMs, and to submit such data to FEMA for such purposes. The analyses shall be prepared by a licensed professional engineer in a format required by FEMA. Submittal requirements and processing fees shall be the responsibility of the applicant.

SECTION 44A-106 INSPECTIONS

44A-106.1 General. Development for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection. Approval as a result of an inspection shall not be construed to be an approval of a violation of the provisions of these regulations or the building code. Inspections presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of these regulations or the building code or other ordinances shall not be valid.

44A-106.2 Inspections of development. The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect all development in flood hazard areas authorized by issuance of permits under these regulations. The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect flood hazard areas from time to time to determine if development is undertaken without issuance of a permit.

44A-106.3 Buildings and structures. The Construction Official shall make or cause to be made, inspections for buildings and structures in flood hazard areas authorized by permit in accordance with the Uniform Construction Code, N.J.A.C. 5:23.

- 1) **Lowest floor elevation.** Upon placement of the lowest floor, including the basement, and prior to further vertical construction, certification of the elevation required in Section 44A-801.2 shall be submitted to the Construction Official on an Elevation Certificate.
- 2) **Lowest horizontal structural member.** In V zones and Coastal A zones, upon placement of the lowest floor, including the basement, and prior to further vertical construction, certification of the elevation required in Section 44A-801.2 shall be submitted to the Construction Official on an Elevation Certificate.
- 3) **Installation of attendant utilities** (electrical, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning, and other service equipment) and sanitary facilities elevated as discussed in Section 44A-801.2.
- 4) **Final inspection.** Prior to the final inspection, certification of the elevation required in Section 44A-801.2 shall be submitted to the Construction Official on an Elevation Certificate.

44A-106.4 Manufactured homes. The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect manufactured homes that are installed or replaced in flood hazard areas to determine compliance with the requirements of these regulations and the conditions of the issued permit. Upon placement of a manufactured home, certification of the elevation of the lowest floor shall be submitted on an Elevation Certificate to the Floodplain Administrator prior to the final inspection.

SECTION 44A-107 VARIANCES

44A-107.1 General. The Washington Borough Land Use Board shall hear and decide requests for variances. The Washington Borough Land Use Board shall base its determination on technical justifications submitted by applicants, the considerations for issuance in Section 44A-107.5, the conditions of issuance set forth in Section 44A-107.6, and the comments and recommendations of the Floodplain Administrator and, as applicable, the Construction Official. The Washington Borough Land Use Board has the right to attach such conditions to variances as it deems necessary to further the purposes and objectives of these regulations.

44A-107.2 Historic structures. A variance to the substantial improvement requirements of this ordinance is authorized provided that the repair or rehabilitation of a historic structure is completed according to N.J.A.C. 5:23-6.33, Section 1612 of the International Building Code and R322 of the International Residential Code, the repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure, the structure meets the definition of the historic structure as described by this ordinance, and the variance is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.

44A-107.3 Functionally dependent uses. A variance is authorized to be issued for the construction or substantial improvement necessary for the conduct of a functionally dependent use provided the variance is the minimum necessary to allow the construction or substantial improvement, and that all due consideration has been given to use of methods and materials that minimize flood damage during the base flood and create no additional threats to public safety.

44A-107.4 Restrictions in floodways. A variance shall not be issued for any proposed development in a floodway when any increase in flood levels would result during the base flood discharge, as evidenced by the applicable analysis and certification required in Section 44A-

105.3(1) of these regulations.

44A-107.5 Considerations. In reviewing requests for variances, all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, all other portions of these regulations, and the following shall be considered:

- (1) The danger that materials and debris may be swept onto other lands resulting in further injury or damage.
- (2) The danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage.
- (3) The susceptibility of the proposed development, including contents, to flood damage and the effect of such damage on current and future owners.
- (4) The importance of the services provided by the proposed development to the community.
- (5) The availability of alternate locations for the proposed development that are not subject to flooding or erosion and the necessity of a waterfront location, where applicable.
- (6) The compatibility of the proposed development with existing and anticipated development.
- (7) The relationship of the proposed development to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area.
- (8) The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles.
- (9) The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and debris and sediment transport of the floodwater and the effects of wave action, where applicable, expected at the site.
- (10) The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems, streets, and bridges.

44A-107.6 Conditions for issuance. Variances shall only be issued upon:

- (1) Submission by the applicant of a showing of good and sufficient cause that the unique characteristics of the size, configuration or topography of the site limit compliance with any provision of these regulations or renders the elevation standards of the building code inappropriate.
- (2) A determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship due to the physical characteristics of the land that render the lot undevelopable.
- (3) A determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, nor create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public or conflict with existing local laws or ordinances.
- (4) A determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
- (5) Notification to the applicant in writing over the signature of the Floodplain Administrator that the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage, and that such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property.

SECTION 44A-108 VIOLATIONS

44A-108.1 Violations. Any development in any flood hazard area that is being performed without an issued permit or that is in conflict with an issued permit shall be deemed a violation. A building or structure without the documentation of elevation of the lowest floor, the lowest horizontal structural member if in a V or Coastal A Zone, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by the building code is presumed to be a violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

44A-108.2 Authority. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of violation or stop work orders to owners of property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons doing the work for development that is not within the scope of the Uniform Construction Code but is regulated by these regulations and that is determined to be a violation.

44A-108.3 Unlawful continuance. Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a notice of violation or a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove or remedy a violation or unsafe condition, shall be subject to penalties as prescribed by N.J.S.A. 40:49-5 as appropriate.

44A-108.4 Review Period to Correct Violations. A 30-day period shall be given to the property owner as an opportunity to cure or abate the condition. The property owner shall also be afforded an opportunity for a hearing before the court for an independent determination concerning the violation. Subsequent to the expiration of the 30-day period, a fine greater than \$1,250.00 may be imposed if a court has not determined otherwise or, upon reinspection of the property, it is determined that the abatement has not been substantially completed.

SECTION 44A-201 DEFINITIONS

44A-201.1 General. The following words and terms shall, for the purposes of these regulations, have the meanings shown herein. Other terms are defined in the Uniform Construction Code N.J.A.C. 5:23 and terms are defined where used in the International Residential Code and International Building Code (rather than in the definitions section). Where terms are not defined, such terms shall have ordinarily accepted meanings such as the context implies.

44A-201.2 Definitions

30 DAY PERIOD – The period of time prescribed by N.J.S.A. 40:49-5 in which a property owner is afforded the opportunity to correct zoning and solid waste disposal after a notice of violation pertaining to this ordinance has been issued.

100 YEAR FLOOD ELEVATION – Elevation of flooding having a 1% annual chance of being equaled or exceeded in a given year which is also referred to as the Base Flood Elevation.

500 YEAR FLOOD ELEVATION – Elevation of flooding having a 0.2% annual chance of being equaled or exceeded in a given year.

A ZONES – Areas of 'Special Flood Hazard in which the elevation of the surface water resulting from a flood that has a 1% annual chance of equaling or exceeding the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) in any given year shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) zones A, AE, AH, A1–A30, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/A1–A30, AR/AH, and AR/AO. When used in reference to the

development of a structure in this ordinance, A Zones are not inclusive of Coastal A Zones because of the higher building code requirements for Coastal A Zones.

AH ZONES– Areas subject to inundation by 1-percent-annual-chance shallow flooding (usually areas of ponding) where average depths are between one and three feet. Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) derived from detailed hydraulic analyses are shown in this zone.

AO ZONES – Areas subject to inundation by 1-percent-annual-chance shallow flooding (usually sheet flow on sloping terrain) where average depths are between one and three feet.

ACCESSORY STRUCTURE – Accessory structures are also referred to as appurtenant structures. An accessory structure is a structure which is on the same parcel of property as a principal structure and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal structure. For example, a residential structure may have a detached garage or storage shed for garden tools as accessory structures. Other examples of accessory structures include gazebos, picnic pavilions, boathouses, small pole barns, storage sheds, and similar buildings.

AGRICULTURAL STRUCTURE - A structure used solely for agricultural purposes in which the use is exclusively in connection with the production, harvesting, storage, drying, or raising of agricultural commodities, including the raising of livestock. Communities must require that new construction or substantial improvements of agricultural structures be elevated or floodproofed to or above the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) as any other nonresidential building. Under some circumstances it may be appropriate to wet-floodproof certain types of agricultural structures when located in wide, expansive floodplains through issuance of a variance. This should only be done for structures used for temporary storage of equipment or crops or temporary shelter for livestock and only in circumstances where it can be demonstrated that agricultural structures can be designed in such a manner that results in minimal damage to the structure and its contents and will create no additional threats to public safety. New construction or substantial improvement of livestock confinement buildings, poultry houses, dairy operations, similar livestock operations and any structure that represents more than a minimal investment must meet the elevation or dry-floodproofing requirements of 44 CFR 60.3(c)(3).

AREA OF SHALLOW FLOODING – A designated Zone AO, AH, AR/AO or AR/AH (or VO) on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) with a one percent or greater annual chance of flooding to an average depth of one to three feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable, and where velocity flow may be evident. Such flooding is characterized by ponding or sheet flow. **AREA OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD** – see **SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA**

ALTERATION OF A WATERCOURSE – A dam, impoundment, channel relocation, change in channel alignment, channelization, or change in cross-sectional area of the channel or the channel capacity, or any other form of modification which may alter, impede, retard or change the direction and/or velocity of the riverine flow of water during conditions of the base flood.

ASCE 7 – The standard for the Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, referenced by the building code and developed and published by the American Society of Civil Engineers, Reston, VA. which includes but is not limited to methodology and equations necessary for determining structural and flood-related design requirements and determining the design requirements for structures that may experience a combination of loads including those from natural hazards. Flood related equations include those for determining erosion, scour, lateral, vertical, hydrostatic, hydrodynamic, buoyancy, breaking wave, and debris impact.

ASCE 24 – The standard for Flood Resistant Design and Construction, referenced by the building code and developed and published by the American Society of Civil Engineers, Reston, VA. References to ASCE 24 shall mean ASCE 24-14 or the most recent version of ASCE 24 adopted in the UCC Code [N.J.A.C. 5:23].

BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (BFE) – The water surface elevation resulting from a flood that has a 1-percent or greater chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year, as shown on a published Flood Insurance Study (FIS), or preliminary flood elevation guidance from FEMA. May also be referred to as the “100-year flood elevation”.

BASEMENT – Any area of the building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

BEST AVAILABLE FLOOD HAZARD DATA - The most recent available preliminary flood risk guidance FEMA has provided. The Best Available Flood Hazard Data may be depicted on but not limited to Advisory Flood Hazard Area Maps, Work Maps, or Preliminary FIS and FIRM.

BEST AVAILABLE FLOOD HAZARD DATA AREA- The areal mapped extent associated with the most recent available preliminary flood risk guidance FEMA has provided. The Best Available Flood Hazard Data may be depicted on but not limited to Advisory Flood Hazard Area Maps, Work Maps, or Preliminary FIS and FIRM.

BEST AVAILABLE FLOOD HAZARD DATA ELEVATION - The most recent available preliminary flood elevation guidance FEMA has provided. The Best Available Flood Hazard Data may be depicted on but not limited to Advisory Flood Hazard Area Maps, Work Maps, or Preliminary FIS and FIRM.

BREAKAWAY WALLS – Any type of wall subject to flooding that is not required to provide structural support to a building or other structure and that is designed and constructed such that, below the Local Design Flood Elevation, it will collapse under specific lateral loads such that (1) it allows the free passage of floodwaters, and (2) it does not damage the structure or supporting foundation system. Certification in the V Zone Certificate of the design, plans, and specifications by a licensed design professional that these walls are in accordance with accepted standards of practice is required as part of the permit application for new and substantially improved V Zone and Coastal A Zone structures. A completed certification must be submitted at permit application.

BUILDING – Per the FHACA, “Building” means a structure enclosed with exterior walls or fire walls, erected and framed of component structural parts, designed for the housing, shelter, enclosure, and support of individuals, animals, or property of any kind. A building may have a temporary or permanent foundation. A building that is intended for regular human occupation and/or residence is considered a habitable building.

CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION - A Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) is FEMA's comment on a proposed project that would, upon construction, affect the hydrologic or hydraulic characteristics of a flooding source and thus result in the modification of the existing regulatory floodway, the effective Base Flood Elevations (BFEs), or the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). The letter does not revise an effective NFIP map, it indicates whether the project, if built as proposed, would be recognized by FEMA. FEMA charges a fee for processing a CLOMR to recover the costs associated with the review that is described in the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process. Building permits cannot be issued based on a CLOMR, because a

CLOMR does not change the NFIP map.

CONDITIONAL LETTER OF MAP REVISION - FILL -- A Conditional Letter of Map Revision - Fill (CLOMR-F) is FEMA's comment on a proposed project involving the placement of fill outside of the regulatory floodway that would, upon construction, affect the hydrologic or hydraulic characteristics of a flooding source and thus result in the modification of the existing regulatory floodway, the effective Base Flood Elevations (BFEs), or the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). The letter does not revise an effective NFIP map, it indicates whether the project, if built as proposed, would be recognized by FEMA. FEMA charges a fee for processing a CLOMR to recover the costs associated with the review that is described in the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process. Building permits cannot be issued based on a CLOMR, because a CLOMR does not change the NFIP map.

CRITICAL BUILDING – Per the FHACA, “Critical Building” means that:

- a. It is essential to maintaining continuity of vital government operations and/or supporting emergency response, sheltering, and medical care functions before, during, and after a flood, such as a hospital, medical clinic, police station, fire station, emergency response center, or public shelter; or
- b. It serves large numbers of people who may be unable to leave the facility through their own efforts, thereby hindering or preventing safe evacuation of the building during a flood event, such as a school, college, dormitory, jail or detention facility, day care center, assisted living facility, or nursing home.

DEVELOPMENT – Any manmade change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to, buildings or other structures, tanks, temporary structures, temporary or permanent storage of materials, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavations, drilling operations and other land-disturbing activities.

DRY FLOODPROOFING – A combination of measures that results in a non-residential structure, including the attendant utilities and equipment as described in the latest version of ASCE 24, being watertight with all elements substantially impermeable and with structural components having the capacity to resist flood loads.

ELEVATED BUILDING – A building that has no basement and that has its lowest elevated floor raised above ground level by foundation walls, shear walls, posts, piers, pilings, or columns. Solid perimeter foundations walls are not an acceptable means of elevating buildings in V and VE Zones.

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE – An administrative tool of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) that can be used to provide elevation information, to determine the proper insurance premium rate, and to support an application for a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) or Letter of Map Revision based on fill (LOMR-F).

ENCROACHMENT – The placement of fill, excavation, buildings, permanent structures or other development into a flood hazard area which may impede or alter the flow capacity of riverine flood hazard areas.

FEMA PUBLICATIONS – Any publication authored or referenced by FEMA related to building science, building safety, or floodplain management related to the National Flood Insurance Program. Publications shall include but are not limited to technical bulletins, desk references,

and American Society of Civil Engineers Standards documents including ASCE 24.

FLOOD OR FLOODING

- a. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:
 1. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
 2. The unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.
 3. Mudslides (I.e. mudflows) which are proximately caused by flooding as defined in (a) (2) of this definition and are akin to a river or liquid and flowing mud on the surfaces of normally dry land areas, as when earth is carried by a current of water and deposited along the path of the current.
- b. The collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or other body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels or suddenly caused by an unusually high water level in a natural body of water, accompanied by a severe storm, or by an unanticipated force of nature, such as flash flood or an abnormal tidal surge, or by some similarly unusual and unforeseeable event which results in flooding as defined in paragraph (a)(1) of this definition.

FLOOD HAZARD AREA DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION – Per the FHACA, the peak water surface elevation that will occur in a water during the flood hazard area design flood. This elevation is determined via available flood mapping adopted by the State, flood mapping published by FEMA (including effective flood mapping dated on or after January 31, 1980, or any more recent advisory, preliminary, or pending flood mapping; whichever results in higher flood elevations, wider floodway limits, greater flow rates, or indicates a change from an A zone to a V zone or coastal A zone), approximation, or calculation pursuant to the Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rules at N.J.A.C. 7:13-3.1 – 3.6 and is typically higher than FEMA's base flood elevation. A water that has a drainage area measuring less than 50 acres does not possess, and is not assigned, a flood hazard area design flood elevation.

FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) – The official map on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY (FIS) – The official report in which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has provided flood profiles, as well as the Flood Insurance Rate Map(s) and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

FLOODPLAIN OR FLOOD PRONE AREA – Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source. See "Flood or flooding."

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS – Zoning ordinances, subdivision regulations, building codes, health regulations, special purpose ordinances (such as a floodplain ordinance, grading ordinance, and erosion control ordinance) and other applications of police power. The term describes such State or local regulations, in any combination thereof, which provide standards for the purpose of flood damage prevention and reduction.

FLOODPROOFING – Any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures, and their contents.

FLOODPROOFING CERTIFICATE – Certification by a licensed design professional that the design and methods of construction for floodproofing a non-residential structure are in accordance with accepted standards of practice to a proposed height above the structure’s lowest adjacent grade that meets or exceeds the Local Design Flood Elevation. A completed floodproofing certificate is required at permit application.

FLOODWAY – The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than 0.2 foot.

FREEBOARD – A factor of safety usually expressed in feet above a flood level for purposes of floodplain management. “Freeboard” tends to compensate for the many unknown factors that could contribute to flood heights greater than the height calculated for a selected size flood and floodway conditions, such as wave action, bridge openings, and the hydrological effect of urbanization of the watershed.

FUNCTIONALLY DEPENDENT USE – A use that cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water, including only docking facilities, port facilities necessary for the loading or unloading of cargo or passengers, and shipbuilding and ship repair facilities. The term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

HABITABLE BUILDING– Pursuant to the FHACA Rules (N.J.A.C. 7:13), means a building that is intended for regular human occupation and/or residence. Examples of a habitable building include a single-family home, duplex, multi-residence building, or critical building; a commercial building such as a retail store, restaurant, office building, or gymnasium; an accessory structure that is regularly occupied, such as a garage, barn, or workshop; mobile and manufactured homes, and trailers intended for human residence, which are set on a foundation and/or connected to utilities, such as in a mobile home park (not including campers and recreational vehicles); and any other building that is regularly occupied, such as a house of worship, community center, or meeting hall, or animal shelter that includes regular human access and occupation. Examples of a non-habitable building include a bus stop shelter, utility building, storage shed, self-storage unit, construction trailer, or an individual shelter for animals such as a doghouse or outdoor kennel.

HARDSHIP – As related to Section 44A-107 of this ordinance, meaning the exceptional hardship that would result from a failure to grant the requested variance. The Land Use Board requires that the variance be exceptional, unusual, and peculiar to the property involved. Mere economic or financial hardship alone is not exceptional. Inconvenience, aesthetic considerations, physical handicaps, personal preferences, or the disapproval of one's neighbors likewise cannot, as a rule, qualify as an exceptional hardship. All of these problems can be resolved through other means without granting a variance, even if the alternative is more expensive, or requires the property owner to build elsewhere or put the parcel to a different use than originally intended.

HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE – The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed or existing walls of a structure.

HISTORIC STRUCTURE – Any structure that is:

- a. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;

- b. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
- c. Individually listed on a State inventory of historic places in States with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- d. Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
 - 1. By an approved State program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
 - 2. Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in States without approved programs.

LAWFULLY EXISTING – Per the FHACA, means an existing fill, structure and/or use, which meets all Federal, State, and local laws, and which is not in violation of the FHACA because it was established:

- a. Prior to January 31, 1980; or
- b. On or after January 31, 1980, in accordance with the requirements of the FHACA as it existed at the time the fill, structure and/or use was established.

Note: Substantially damaged properties and substantially improved properties that have not been elevated are not considered “lawfully existing” for the purposes of the NFIP. This definition is included in this ordinance to clarify the applicability of any more stringent statewide floodplain management standards required under the FHACA.

LETTER OF MAP AMENDMENT - A Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) is an official amendment, by letter, to an effective National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) map that is requested through the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process. A LOMA establishes a property's location in relation to the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). LOMAs are usually issued because a property has been inadvertently mapped as being in the floodplain but is actually on natural high ground above the base flood elevation. Because a LOMA officially amends the effective NFIP map, it is a public record that the community must maintain. Any LOMA should be noted on the community's master flood map and filed by panel number in an accessible location.

LETTER OF MAP CHANGE – The Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process is a service provided by FEMA for a fee that allows the public to request a change in flood zone designation in an Area of Special Flood Hazard on a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). Conditional Letters of Map Revision, Conditional Letters of Map Revision – Fill, Letters of Map Revision, Letters of Map Revision-Fill, and Letters of Map Amendment are requested through the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) process.

LETTER OF MAP REVISION - A Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) is FEMA's modification to an effective Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). Letter of Map Revisions are generally based on the implementation of physical measures that affect the hydrologic or hydraulic characteristics of a flooding source and thus result in the modification of the existing regulatory floodway, the effective Base Flood Elevations (BFEs), or the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). The LOMR officially revises the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) and sometimes the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report, and when appropriate, includes a description of the modifications. The LOMR is generally accompanied by an annotated copy of the affected portions of the FIRM or FIS report. Because a LOMR officially revises the effective NFIP map, it is a public record that the community must maintain. Any LOMR should be noted on the community's master flood map and filed by panel number in an accessible location.

LETTER OF MAP REVISION – FILL -- A Letter of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-F) is

FEMA's modification of the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) based on the placement of fill outside the existing regulatory floodway may be initiated through the Letter of Map Change (LOMC) Process. Because a LOMR-F officially revises the effective Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) map, it is a public record that the community must maintain. Any LOMR-F should be noted on the community's master flood map and filed by panel number in an accessible location.

LICENSED DESIGN PROFESSIONAL – Licensed design professional shall refer to either a New Jersey Licensed Professional Engineer, licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors or a New Jersey Licensed Architect, licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Architects.

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER - A licensed professional engineer shall refer to individuals licensed by the New Jersey State Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors.

LOCAL DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION (LDFE) – The elevation reflective of the most recent available preliminary flood elevation guidance FEMA has provided as depicted on but not limited to Advisory Flood Hazard Area Maps, Work Maps, or Preliminary FIS and FIRM which is also inclusive of freeboard specified by the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act and Uniform Construction Codes and any additional freeboard specified in a community's ordinance. In no circumstances shall a project's LDFE be lower than a permit-specified Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation or a valid NJDEP Flood Hazard Area Verification Letter plus the freeboard as required in ASCE 24 and the effective FEMA Base Flood Elevation.

LOWEST ADJACENT GRADE – The lowest point of ground, patio, or sidewalk slab immediately next a structure, except in AO Zones where it is the natural grade elevation.

LOWEST FLOOR – In A Zones, the lowest floor is the top surface of the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). In V Zones and coastal A Zones, the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of a building is the lowest floor. An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for the parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement is not considered a building's lowest floor provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of other applicable non-elevation design requirements of these regulations.

MANUFACTURED HOME – A structure that is transportable in one or more sections, eight (8) feet or more in width and greater than four hundred (400) square feet, built on a permanent chassis, designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when attached to the required utilities, and constructed to the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards and rules and regulations promulgated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The term also includes mobile homes, park trailers, travel trailers and similar transportable structures that are placed on a site for 180 consecutive days or longer.

MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION – A parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

MARKET VALUE – The price at which a property will change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither party being under compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts. As used in these regulations, the term refers to the market value of buildings and structures, excluding the land and other improvements on the parcel. Market value

shall be determined by one of the following methods (1) Actual Cash Value (replacement cost depreciated for age and quality of construction), (2) tax assessment value adjusted to approximate market value by a factor provided by the Property Appraiser, or (3) established by a qualified independent appraiser.

NEW CONSTRUCTION – Structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective date of the first floodplain regulation adopted by a community; includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. New construction includes work determined to be a substantial improvement.

NON-RESIDENTIAL – Pursuant to ASCE 24, any building or structure or portion thereof that is not classified as residential.

ORDINARY MAINTENANCE AND MINOR WORK – This term refers to types of work excluded from construction permitting under N.J.A.C. 5:23 in the March 5, 2018 New Jersey Register. Some of these types of work must be considered in determinations of substantial improvement and substantial damage in regulated floodplains under 44 CFR 59.1. These types of work include but are not limited to replacements of roofing, siding, interior finishes, kitchen cabinets, plumbing fixtures and piping, HVAC and air conditioning equipment, exhaust fans, built in appliances, electrical wiring, etc. Improvements necessary to correct existing violations of State or local health, sanitation, or code enforcement officials which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions and improvements of historic structures as discussed in 44 CFR 59.1 shall not be included in the determination of ordinary maintenance and minor work.

RECREATIONAL VEHICLE – A vehicle that is built on a single chassis, 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection, designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck, and designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use. A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices and has no permanently attached additions.

RESIDENTIAL – Pursuant to the ASCE 24:

- a. Buildings and structures and portions thereof where people live or that are used for sleeping purposes on a transient or non-transient basis;
- b. Structures including but not limited to one- and two-family dwellings, townhouses, condominiums, multi-family dwellings, apartments, congregate residences, boarding houses, lodging houses, rooming houses, hotels, motels, apartment buildings, convents, monasteries, dormitories, fraternity houses, sorority houses, vacation time-share properties; and
- c. institutional facilities where people are cared for or live on a 24-hour basis in a supervised environment, including but not limited to board and care facilities, assisted living facilities, halfway houses, group homes, congregate care facilities, social rehabilitation facilities, alcohol and drug centers, convalescent facilities, hospitals, nursing homes, mental hospitals, detoxification facilities, prisons, jails, reformatories, detention centers, correctional centers, and prerelease centers.

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL – “Solid Waste Disposal” shall mean the storage, treatment, utilization, processing or final disposition of solid waste as described in N.J.A.C. 7:26-1.6 or the storage of unsecured materials as described in N.J.A.C. 7:13-2.3 for a period of greater than 6 months as specified in N.J.A.C. 7:26 which have been discharged, deposited, injected, dumped, spilled, leaked, or placed into any land or water such that such solid waste may enter the

environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including groundwaters.

51.

52. SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA – The greater of the following: (1) Land in the floodplain within a community subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year, shown on the FIRM as Zone V, VE, V1-3-, A, AO, A1-30, AE, A99, or AH; (2) Land and the space above that land, which lies below the peak water surface elevation of the flood hazard area design flood for a particular water, as determined using the methods set forth in the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act in N.J.A.C. 7:13; (3) Riparian Buffers as determined in the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area Control Act in N.J.A.C. 7:13. Also referred to as the AREA OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD.

53. START OF CONSTRUCTION – The **Start of Construction is as follows:**

- a. **For other than new construction or substantial improvements, under the Coastal Barrier Resources Act (CBRA),** this is the date the building permit was issued, provided that the actual start of construction, repair, rehabilitation, addition, placement or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a building on site, such as the pouring of a slab or footing, the installation of piles, the construction of columns or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured (mobile) home on a foundation. For a substantial improvement, actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.
- b. For the purposes of determining whether proposed construction must meet new requirements when National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) maps are issued or revised and Base Flood Elevation's (BFEs) increase or zones change, the Start of Construction includes substantial improvement, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation.

Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling, nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. Such development must also be permitted and must meet new requirements when National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) maps are issued or revised and Base Flood Elevation's (BFEs) increase or zones change.

For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

For determining if new construction and substantial improvements within the Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) can obtain flood insurance, a different definition applies.

STRUCTURE – A walled and roofed building, a manufactured home, or a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground.

SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE – Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT – Any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure taking place, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the “start of construction” of the improvement. This term includes structures which have incurred “substantial damage”, regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:

- a. Any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of State or local health, sanitary or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement officer and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
- b. Any alteration of a "historic structure", provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure."

UTILITY AND MISCELLANEOUS GROUP U BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES – Buildings and structures of an accessory character and miscellaneous structures not classified in any special occupancy, as described in ASCE 24.

VARIANCE – A grant of relief from the requirements of this section which permits construction in a manner otherwise prohibited by this section where specific enforcement would result in unnecessary hardship.

VIOLATION – A development that is not fully compliant with these regulations or the flood provisions of the building code. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in this ordinance is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION – the height, in relation to the North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) of 1988, (or other datum, where specified) of floods of various magnitudes and frequencies in the flood plains of coastal or riverine areas.

WATERCOURSE. A river, creek, stream, channel, or other topographic feature in, on, through, or over which water flows at least periodically.

WET FLOODPROOFING – Floodproofing method that relies on the use of flood damage resistant materials and construction techniques in areas of a structure that are below the Local Design Flood Elevation by intentionally allowing them to flood. The application of wet floodproofing as a flood protection technique under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) is limited to enclosures below elevated residential and non-residential structures and to accessory and agricultural structures that have been issued variances by the community.

SECTION 44A-301 SUBDIVISIONS AND OTHER DEVELOPMENTS

44A-301.1 General. Any subdivision proposal, including proposals for manufactured home parks and subdivisions, or other proposed new development in a flood hazard area shall be reviewed to assure that:

- (1) All such proposals are consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
- (2) All public utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electric and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage.
- (3) Adequate drainage is provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards; in Zones AH and AO, adequate drainage paths shall be provided to guide floodwater around and away from structures.

44A-301.2 Subdivision requirements. Where any portion of proposed subdivisions, including manufactured home parks and subdivisions, lies within a flood hazard area, the following shall be required:

- (1) The flood hazard area, including floodways, coastal high hazard areas, and Coastal A Zones, and base flood elevations, as appropriate, shall be delineated on tentative subdivision plats.
- (2) Residential building lots shall be provided with adequate buildable area outside the floodway.
- (3) The design criteria for utilities and facilities set forth in these regulations and appropriate codes shall be met.

SECTION 44A-401 SITE IMPROVEMENT

44A-401.1 Encroachment in floodways. Development, land disturbing activity, and encroachments in floodways shall not be authorized unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses required in accordance with Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations, that the proposed encroachment will not result in any increase in the base flood level during occurrence of the base flood discharge. If Section 44A-105.3(1) is satisfied, proposed elevation, addition, or reconstruction of a lawfully existing structure within a floodway shall also be in accordance with Section 44A-801.2 of this ordinance and the floodway requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-401.1.1 Prohibited in floodways. The following are prohibited activities:

- (1) The storage of unsecured materials is prohibited within a floodway pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:13.
- (2) Fill and new structures are prohibited in floodways per N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-401.2 Sewer facilities. All new and replaced sanitary sewer facilities, private sewage treatment plants (including all pumping stations and collector systems) and on-site waste disposal systems shall be designed in accordance with the New Jersey septic system regulations contained in N.J.A.C. 14A and N.J.A.C. 7:9A, the UCC Plumbing Subcode (N.J.A.C. 5:23) and Chapter 7, ASCE 24, to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwater into the facilities and discharge from the facilities into flood waters, or impairment of the facilities and systems.

44A-401.3 Water facilities. All new and replacement water facilities shall be designed in accordance with the New Jersey Safe Drinking Water Act (N.J.A.C. 7:10) and the provisions of Chapter 7 ASCE 24, to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwater into the systems.

44A-401.4 Storm drainage. Storm drainage shall be designed to convey the flow of surface waters to minimize or eliminate damage to persons or property.

44A-401.5 Streets and sidewalks. Streets and sidewalks shall be designed to minimize potential for increasing or aggravating flood levels.

44A-401.6 Limitations on placement of fill. Subject to the limitations of these regulations, fill shall be designed to be stable under conditions of flooding including rapid rise and rapid drawdown of floodwater, prolonged inundation, and protection against flood-related erosion and scour. In addition to these requirements, when intended to support buildings and structures (Zone A only), fill shall comply with the requirements of the UCC (N.J.A.C. 5:23). Proposed fill and encroachments in flood hazard areas shall comply with the flood storage displacement limitations of N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-401.7 Hazardous Materials. The placement or storage of any containers holding hazardous substances in a flood hazard area is prohibited unless the provisions of N.J.A.C. 7:13 which cover the placement of hazardous substances and solid waste is met.

SECTION 44A-501 MANUFACTURED HOMES

44A-501.1 General. All manufactured homes installed in flood hazard areas shall be installed pursuant to the Nationally Preemptive Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Program (24 CFR 3280).

44A-501.2 Elevation. All new, relocated, and replacement manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved in a flood hazard area shall be elevated such that the bottom of the frame is elevated to or above the elevation specified in Section 44A-801.2.

44A-501.3 Foundations. All new, relocated, and replacement manufactured homes, including substantial improvement of existing manufactured homes, shall be placed on foundations as specified by the manufacturer only if the manufacturer's installation instructions specify that the home has been designed for flood-resistant considerations and provides the conditions of applicability for velocities, depths, or wave action as required by 24 CFR Part 3285-302. The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to determine whether the design meets or exceeds the performance necessary based upon the proposed site location conditions as a precondition of issuing a flood damage prevention permit. If the Floodplain Administrator determines that the home's performance standards will not withstand the flood loads in the proposed location, the applicant must propose a design certified by a New Jersey licensed design professional and in accordance with 24 CFR 3285.301 (c) and (d) which conforms with ASCE 24, the accepted standard of engineering practice for flood resistant design and construction.

44A-501.4 Anchoring. All new, relocated, and replacement manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved in a flood hazard area shall be installed using methods and practices which minimize flood damage and shall be securely anchored to an adequately anchored foundation

system to resist flotation, collapse and lateral movement. This requirement is in addition to applicable State and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces.

44A-501.5 Enclosures. Fully enclosed areas below elevated manufactured homes shall comply with the requirements of Section 44A-801.2.

44A-501.6 Protection of mechanical equipment and outside appliances. Mechanical equipment and outside appliances shall be elevated to or above the elevation of the bottom of the frame required in Section 44A-801.2 of these regulations.

Exception. Where such equipment and appliances are designed and installed to prevent water from entering or accumulating within their components and the systems are constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and stresses, including the effects of buoyancy, during the occurrence of flooding up to the elevation required by Section 44A-801.2, the systems and equipment shall be permitted to be located below that elevation. Electrical wiring systems shall be permitted below the design flood elevation provided they conform to the provisions of NFPA 70 (National Electric Code).

SECTION 44A-601 RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

44A-601.1 Placement prohibited. The placement of recreational vehicles shall not be authorized in coastal high hazard areas and in floodways.

44A-601.2 Temporary placement. Recreational vehicles in flood hazard areas shall be fully licensed and ready for highway use and shall be placed on a site for less than 180 consecutive days.

44A-601.3 Permanent placement. Recreational vehicles that are not fully licensed and ready for highway use, or that are to be placed on a site for more than 180 consecutive days, shall meet the requirements of Section 44A-801.2 for habitable buildings and Section 44A-501.3.

SECTION 44A-701 TANKS

44A-701.1 Tanks. Underground and above-ground tanks shall be designed, constructed, installed, and anchored in accordance with ASCE 24 and N.J.A.C. 7:13.

SECTION 44A-801 OTHER DEVELOPMENT AND BUILDING WORK

44A-801.1 General requirements for other development and building work. All development and building work, including man-made changes to improved or unimproved real estate for which specific provisions are not specified in these regulations or the Uniform Construction Code (N.J.A.C. 5:23), shall:

- (1) Be located and constructed to minimize flood damage;
- (2) Meet the limitations of Section 44A-105.3(1) of this ordinance when located in a regulated floodway;
- (3) Be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during the conditions of flooding up to the Local Design Flood Elevation determined according to Section 44A-102.3;

- (4) Be constructed of flood damage-resistant materials as described in ASCE 24 Chapter 5;
- (5) Have mechanical, plumbing, and electrical systems above the Local Design Flood Elevation determined according to Section 44A-102.3 or meet the requirements of ASCE 24 Chapter 7 which requires that attendant utilities are located above the Local Design Flood Elevation unless the attendant utilities and equipment are:
 - i. Specifically allowed below the Local Design Flood Elevation; and
 - ii. Designed, constructed, and installed to prevent floodwaters, including any backflow through the system from entering or accumulating within the components.
- (6) Not exceed the flood storage displacement limitations in fluvial flood hazard areas in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13; and
- (7) Not exceed the impacts to frequency or depth of offsite flooding as required by N.J.A.C. 7:13 in floodways.

44A-801.2 Requirements for Habitable Buildings and Structures.

- 1) Construction and Elevation in A Zones not including Coastal A Zones.
 - a. No portion of a building is located within a V Zone.
 - b. No portion of a building is located within a Coastal A Zone, unless a licensed design professional certifies that the building's foundation is designed in accordance with ASCE 24, Chapter 4.
 - c. All new construction and substantial improvement of any habitable building (as defined in Section 44A-201) located in flood hazard areas shall have the lowest floor, including basement, together with the attendant utilities (including all electrical, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other service equipment) and sanitary facilities, elevated to or above the Local Design Flood Elevation as determined in Section 44A-102.3, be in conformance with ASCE Chapter 7, and be confirmed by an Elevation Certificate.
 - d. All new construction and substantial improvements of non-residential structures shall:
 - i. Have the lowest floor, including basement, together with the attendant utilities (including all electrical, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other service equipment) and sanitary facilities, elevated to or above the Local Design Flood Elevation as determined in Section 44A-102.3, be in conformance with ASCE Chapter 7, and be confirmed by an Elevation Certificate; or
 - ii. Together with the attendant utility and sanitary facilities, be designed so that below the Local Design Flood Elevation, the structure:
 - 1. Meets the requirements of ASCE 24 Chapters 2 and 7; and
 - 2. Is constructed according to the design plans and specifications provided at permit application and signed by a licensed design professional, is certified by that individual in a Floodproofing Certificate, and is confirmed by an Elevation Certificate.
 - e. All new construction and substantial improvements with fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor shall be used solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or storage in an area other than a basement and which are subject to flooding. Enclosures shall:

- i. For habitable structures, be situated at or above the adjoining exterior grade along at least one entire exterior wall, in order to provide positive drainage of the enclosed area in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13; enclosures (including crawlspaces and basements) which are below grade on all sides are prohibited;
- ii. Be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters unless the structure is non-residential and the requirements of 44A-801.2.1(d)ii are met;
- iii. Be constructed to meet the requirements of ASCE 24 Chapter 2;
- iv. Have openings documented on an Elevation Certificate; and
- v. Have documentation that a deed restriction has been obtained for the lot if the enclosure is greater than six feet in height. This deed restriction shall be recorded in the Office of the County Clerk or the Registrar of Deeds and Mortgages in which the building is located, shall conform to the requirements in N.J.A.C.7:13, and shall be recorded within 90 days of receiving a Flood Hazard Area Control Act permit or prior to the start of any site disturbance (including pre-construction earth movement, removal of vegetation and structures, or construction of the project), whichever is sooner. Deed restrictions must explain and disclose that:
 1. The enclosure is likely to be inundated by floodwaters which may result in damage and/or inconvenience.
 2. The depth of flooding that the enclosure would experience to the Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation;
 3. The deed restriction prohibits habitation of the enclosure and explains that converting the enclosure into a habitable area may subject the property owner to enforcement;

44A-801.3 Garages and accessory storage structures. Garages and accessory storage structures shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Uniform Construction Code.

44A-801.4 Fences. Fences in floodways that have the potential to block the passage of floodwater, such as stockade fences and wire mesh fences, shall meet the requirements of Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 7:13, any fence located in a floodway shall have sufficiently large openings so as not to catch debris during a flood and thereby obstruct floodwaters, such as barbed-wire, split-rail, or strand fence. A fence with little or no open area, such as a chain link, lattice, or picket fence, does not meet this requirement. Foundations for fences greater than 6 feet in height must conform with the Uniform Construction Code. Fences for pool enclosures having openings not in conformance with this section but in conformance with the Uniform Construction Code to limit climbing require a variance as described in Section 44A-107 of this ordinance.

44A-801.5 Retaining walls, sidewalks, and driveways. Retaining walls, sidewalks and driveways that involve placement of fill in floodways shall meet the requirements of Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations and N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-801.6 Swimming pools. Swimming pools shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Uniform Construction Code. Above-ground swimming pools and below-ground swimming pools that involve placement of fill in floodways shall also meet the requirements of Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations. Above-ground swimming pools are prohibited in floodways by

N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-801.7 Roads and watercourse crossings.

- (1) For any railroad, roadway, or parking area proposed in a flood hazard area, the travel surface shall be constructed at least one foot above the Flood Hazard Area Design Elevation in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13.
- (2) Roads and watercourse crossings that encroach into regulated floodways or riverine waterways with base flood elevations where floodways have not been designated, including roads, bridges, culverts, low- water crossings and similar means for vehicles or pedestrians to travel from one side of a watercourse to the other side, shall meet the requirements of Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations.

SECTION 44A-901 TEMPORARY STRUCTURES AND TEMPORARY STORAGE

44A-901.1 Temporary structures. Temporary structures shall be erected for a period of less than 180 days. Temporary structures shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the base flood. Fully enclosed temporary structures shall have flood openings that are in accordance with ASCE 24 to allow for the automatic entry and exit of flood waters.

44A-901.2 Temporary storage. Temporary storage includes storage of goods and materials for a period of less than 180 days. Stored materials shall not include hazardous materials.

44A-901.3 Floodway encroachment. Temporary structures and temporary storage in floodways shall meet the requirements of Section 44A-105.3(1) of these regulations.

SECTION 44A-1001 UTILITY AND MISCELLANEOUS GROUP U

44A-1001.1 Utility and Miscellaneous Group U. In accordance with Section 312 of the International Building Code, Utility and Miscellaneous Group U includes buildings and structures that are accessory in character and miscellaneous structures not classified in any specific occupancy in the Building Code, including, but not limited to, agricultural buildings, aircraft hangars (accessory to a one- or two-family residence), barns, carports, communication equipment structures (gross floor area less than 1,500 sq. ft.), fences more than 6 feet (1829 mm) high, grain silos (accessory to a residential occupancy), livestock shelters, private garages, retaining walls, sheds, stables, tanks and towers.

44A-1001.2 Flood loads. Utility and miscellaneous Group U buildings and structures, including substantial improvement of such buildings and structures, shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from flood loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions up to the Local Design Flood Elevation as determined in Section 44A-102.3.

44A-1001.3 Elevation. Utility and miscellaneous Group U buildings and structures, including substantial improvement of such buildings and structures, shall be elevated such that the lowest floor, including basement, is elevated to or above the Local Design Flood Elevation as determined in Section 44A-102.3 and in accordance with ASCE 24. Utility lines shall be designed and elevated in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:13.

44A-1001.4 Enclosures below base flood elevation. Fully enclosed areas below the design flood elevation shall be constructed in accordance with Section 44A-801.2 and with ASCE 24 for new construction and substantial improvements. Existing enclosures such as a basement or crawlspace having a floor that is below grade along all adjoining exterior walls shall be abandoned, filled-in, and/or otherwise modified to conform with the requirements of N.J.A.C. 7:13 when the project has been determined to be a substantial improvement by the Floodplain Administrator.

44A-1001.5 Flood-damage resistant materials. Flood-damage-resistant materials shall be used below the Local Design Flood Elevation determined in Section 44A-102.3.

44A-1001.6 Protection of mechanical, plumbing, and electrical systems. Mechanical, plumbing, and electrical systems, equipment and components, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, plumbing fixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment, shall be elevated to or above the Local Design Flood Elevation determined in Section 44A-102.3.

Exception: Electrical systems, equipment and components, and heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and plumbing appliances, plumbing fixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment shall be permitted to be located below the Local Design Flood Elevation provided that they are designed and installed to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components and to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and stresses, including the effects of buoyancy, during the occurrence of flooding to the Local Design Flood Elevation in compliance with the flood-resistant construction requirements of ASCE 24. Electrical wiring systems shall be permitted to be located below the Local Design Flood Elevation provided they conform to the provisions of NFPA 70 (National Electric Code).

SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY.

Where any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of these regulations is, for any reason, declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the regulations as a whole, or any part thereof, other than the part so declared.

SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This ordinance shall take effect immediately upon final publication as provided by law.

Ordinance 2023-03-Second Reading

ORDINANCE 2023-03

An Ordinance of the Borough of Washington Amending Section 3-9, Entitled “Meetings.”

No motion made, ordinance fails.

MOTION

Motion made by Cox to have a meeting on March 7th at 7:00 pm, Musick seconded motion, all were in favor with the exception of Conry abstaining.

RESOLUTIONS

Resolution 2023-23 TABLED

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Brown to adopt Resolutions 2023-33, 35,36,38,41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 & 49

Roll Call: Brown. Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-33

A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE

As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to CHRISTIANA T C/F CE1/FIRSTTRUST, C & E TAX LIEN FUND I, PO BOX 5021, PHILADELPHIA, PA 19111, in the amount of \$15.11 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of STRATTON, II, SAMUEL N as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 4 CARLTON AVE, Block 18.01 Lot 1, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00011 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 12/28/22 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Samuel Stratton, claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by CHRISTIANA T C/F CE1/FIRSTTRUST by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$15.11 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00011.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 17th day of January, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to CHRISTIANA T C/F CE1/FIRSTTRUST, C & E TAX LIEN FUND I, PO BOX 5021, PHILADELPHIA, PA 19111 in the

amount of **\$1,815.11** (This consists of \$15.11 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$1,800.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 18.01 Lot 1 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-35
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034, in the amount of \$43.03 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of GILLIGAN, BRENT T & KERIWYN J as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 72 CARLTON AVE, Block 6 Lot 20, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00007 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/3/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, GILLIGAN, KERIWYN J claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$871.33 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00007.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034 in the amount of **\$1,771.33** (This consists of \$871.33 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$900.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 6 Lot 20 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-36
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to TRYSTONE CAPITAL ASSETS LLC, PO BOX 1030, BRICK, NJ 08723, in the amount of \$329.30 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of MOHAN, JUDE P, JUDE F & JANE F as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 38 NUNN AVE, Block 97.02 Lot 2, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00050 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify

that on 2/7/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, JUDE MOHAN claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by TRYSTONE CAPITAL ASSETS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$335.89 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00050.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to TRYSTONE CAPITAL ASSETS LLC, PO BOX 1030, BRICK, NJ 08723 in the amount of **\$2,135.89** (This consists of \$335.89 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$1,800.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 97.02 Lot 2 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-38
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034, in the amount of \$96.10 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of FUENTES, J R GRANADOS/CALDERON, J as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 9 S PICKEL AVE, Block 45 Lot 7, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00027 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/7/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, MARY GRANADOS claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$729.82 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00027.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034 in the amount of **\$729.82** (This consists of \$729.82 Certificate Amount redeemed).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 45 Lot 7 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-41
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$504.82 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of ROWE, JR, NORMAN G as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 92 LENAPE TRAIL, Block 101 Lot 15.24, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00060 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Rocket Mortgage claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$576.92 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00060.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$2,776.92** (This consists of \$576.92 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,200.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 101 Lot 15.24 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-42
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$347.67 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of BUCK, KENNETH & KACI as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 92 YOUMANS AVE, Block 82 Lot 13, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00045 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Rocket Mortgage claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$416.62 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00045.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$2,216.62** (This consists of \$416.62 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$1,800.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 82 Lot 13 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-43
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY, PO BOX 12225, NEWARK, NJ 07101, in the amount of \$972.28 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of HAAS, MICHAEL & DENISE as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 175 E WASHINGTON AVE, Block 80 Lot 5, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00043 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Lereta claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$1,003.73 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00043.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY, PO BOX 12225, NEWARK, NJ 07101 in the amount of **\$3,503.73** (This consists of \$1,003.73 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,500.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 80 Lot 5 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-44
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$329.30 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of STRATTON, SAM & SUE as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 18 GIBSON PLACE, Block 53 Lot 1, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00028 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Lereta claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$397.89 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00028.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$2,197.89** (This consists of \$397.89 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$1,800.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 53 Lot 1 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-45
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$642.58 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of MILLER, GLENN J as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 8 GREEN ST, Block 35 Lot 4, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00022 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, Lereta claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$717.43 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00022.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$2,917.43** (This consists of \$717.43 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,200.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 35 Lot 4 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-46
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on December 7, 2022 to FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY, PO BOX 12225, NEWARK, NJ 07101, in the amount of \$974.63 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2021 in the name of ELKASHEF, AKRAM & ILHAM as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 41 LAMBERT STREET, Block 2.11 Lot 29, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #22-00005 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, LERETA claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$1,006.12 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #22-00005.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to FIG 20, LLC FBO SEC PTY, PO BOX 12225, NEWARK, NJ 07101 in the amount of **\$3,506.12** (This consists of \$1,006.12 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,500.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 2.11 Lot 29 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-47
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on October 22, 2020 to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034, in the amount of \$4,687.97 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2019 in the name of ROWLANDS, KRISTIN H & WILLIAM G as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 76 S LINCOLN AVE, Block 98 Lot 28.01, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #20-00038 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/14/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, KRISTIN ROWLANDS claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$27,063.51 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #20-00038.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to PRO CAP 8 FBO FIRSTRUST BANK, PRO CAP 8, LLC, PO BOX 774, FORT WASHINGTON, PA 19034 in the amount of **\$32,463.51** (This consists of \$27,063.51 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$5,400.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 98 Lot 28.01 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-48
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on October 7, 2021 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$499.71 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2020 in the name of DIDIO, CHRISTOPHER E & AMBER L as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 1 HEATHER HILL ROAD, Block 44 Lot 34.01, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #21-00029 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/9/2023 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, COMERICA BANK claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$2,209.09 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #21-00029.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$4,209.09** (This consists of \$2,209.09 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,000.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel this lien on Block 44 Lot 34.01 from the tax office records.

RESOLUTION 2023-49
A RESOLUTION FOR REDEMPTION OF TAX CERTIFICATE
As per N.J.S.A.54:5

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS THAT, WHEREAS, lands in the taxing district of Washington Borough, County of Warren, State of New Jersey, were sold on October 7, 2021 to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979, in the amount of \$485.15 for taxes or other municipal liens assessed for the year 2020 in the name of SUBRAMANI, MARK/BALROOP, BIBI as supposed owners, and in said assessment and sale were described as 66 ALVIN SLOAN AVE, Block 2.12 Lot 18, which sale was evidenced by Certificate #21-00007 and

WHEREAS, the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of the Borough of Washington, do certify that on 2/9/23 and before the right to redeem was cut off, as provided by law, COMERICA BANK claiming to have an interest in said lands, did redeem said lands claimed by BALA PARTNERS LLC by paying the Collector of Taxes of said taxing district of Washington Borough the amount of \$2,193.94 which is the amount necessary to redeem Tax Sale Certificate #21-00007.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, on this 21st day of February, 2023 by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren to authorize the Treasurer to issue a check payable to BALA PARTNERS LLC, P.O. Box 303, Pottersville, NJ 07979 in the amount of **\$4,193.94** (This consists of \$2,193.94 Certificate Amount redeemed + \$2,000.00 Premium).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Tax Collector is authorized to cancel

Motion made by Cox and seconded by France to adopt Resolution 2023-32

Roll Call: Brown. Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.
Ayes: 6 Nays: 0
Motion passes.

**BOROUGH OF WASHINGTON
WARREN COUNTY, NEW JERSEY**

RESOLUTION 2023-32

RESOLUTION APPOINTING A REDACTION OFFICER FOR DANIEL'S LAW

WHEREAS, Borough Council of the Borough of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey acknowledges a need for a Records Redaction Officer to handle the requirements for all government agencies to comply by January 12, 2023 with Daniel's Law (P.L. 2020, c.125); and

WHEREAS, the Records Redaction Officer is to register with the State of New Jersey portal to obtain a list of all registered persons for the Borough and to continually receive lists of new registrants; and

WHEREAS, the Records Redaction Officer is to review and redact all past minutes, agendas, and other public information provided on the Borough website and posted at the Municipal Building in public view; and

WHEREAS, the Records Redaction Officer shall be responsible for notifying the Chief of Police of the current list of Daniel's Law registrants so that information can properly be redacted in the event the Police Department needs to properly redact documents in response to OPRA requests; and

WHEREAS, the Deputy Clerk shall be appointed as an Alternate Records Redaction Officer to act in the absence of the Records Redaction Officer or as delegated by the Records

WHEREAS, in the absence or unavailability of the Records Redaction Officer, the Records Redaction Officer may delegate her / his duties to another employee of the Borough of Washington; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Tax Collector and Borough Tax Assessor shall be appointed as Alternate Records Redaction Officers for the purpose of receiving the lists of registrants and redacted any property, tax, or utility records as needed; and

WHEREAS, the Records Redaction Officer and Alternate Records Redaction Officers shall review all responses to Open Public Records Act ("OPRA") requests for which they are responsible for redactions necessary under Daniel's Law; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council may appoint additional Alternate Records Redaction Officers as it deems appropriate; and

WHEREAS, the Alternate Records Redaction Officers are to register with the State of New Jersey portal to continually receive copies of the lists of new registrants.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and Council of the Borough

of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey, as follows:

1. The positions of Records Redaction Officer and Alternate Records Redaction Officer are hereby established. Persons appointed to such positions shall serve without additional compensation.
2. The following appointments are hereby made for a term beginning February 21, 2023:

Name	Title	Records under Purview
Laurie Courter, Clerk	Records Redaction Officer	Municipal records not otherwise noted herein
Susan Turner, Deputy Clerk	Alternate Records Redaction Officer	As delegated by the Records Redaction Officer
Holly Dominquez, Tax Collector	Alternate Records Redaction Officer	Tax and sewer collection records
Craig Broton, Tax Assessor	Alternate Records Redaction Officer	Tax assessment records

3. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

Motion made by Brown and seconded by Cox to adopt Resolution 2023-34

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-34
RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE AWARD OF A CONTRACT
FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES WITHOUT PUBLIC BID
FOR A PUBLIC DEFENDER

WHEREAS, the Borough of Washington in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey requires that a resolution authorizing the award of contract for Professional Services without bid, not to exceed \$17,500, be publicly advertised.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Borough Committee of the Borough of Washington as follows:

Donald Farino, 103 Pleasant View Road, Hackettstown, NJ 07840 is hereby appointed as Borough Public Defender within the Municipal Court of the Borough of Washington for 2023.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Borough Council of the Borough of Washington is hereby authorized to execute this resolution and advertise the same according to law.

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to adopt Resolution 2023-37

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-37

A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE TRANSFER OF RESERVE APPROPRIATIONS

WHEREAS, N.J.S.A. 40A: 4-59 provides that all unexpended balances carried forward after the close of the year are available, until lapsed at the close of the succeeding year, to meet specific claims, commitments or contracts incurred during the preceding fiscal year, and allow transfers to be made by not less the 2/3 vote of the full membership of the governing body from unexpended balances which are expected to be sufficient to accounts with insufficient appropriation balances during the first three months of the succeeding year; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Manager and the Chief Financial Officer have determined that excess appropriations do exist in some accounts and there is a need for supplemental appropriations in other accounts.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey that the following appropriation transfers are hereby approved:

<u>Transfer From:</u>	<u>Transfer To:</u>	<u>Amount:</u>
General Administration S & W		5,000.00
Financial Administration S & W		3,500.00
Tax Collector S & W		9,000.00
Tax Assessor S & W		15,000.00
Local Code Enforcement S & W		7,500.00
Group Health Insurance		6,000.00
	General Admin OE	15,000.00
	Legal OE	4,000.00
	Fire Hydrants	25,000.00
	Telephone	2,000.00

Motion made by Brown and seconded by Cox to adopt Resolution 2023-38A, 40

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-38A

A RESOLUTION TO VOID CHECK

WHEREAS, check #14736 was written January 18, 2023 on the Washington Borough's Operating Account in the amount of \$55.65; and

WHEREAS, check was made payable to Smith Motor Company, Inc. PO Box Washington, New Jersey 07882; and

WHEREAS, the Treasurer’s office was notified that the payment was previously paid under a fleet service program and that no payment was due; and

WHEREAS, the above-mentioned check be voided, and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey hereby authorizes the Treasurer to void the aforementioned check.

RESOLUTION 2023-40
A RESOLUTION TO VOID AND STOP PAYMENT

WHEREAS, check #14461 was written October 5, 2022 on the Washington Borough’s Operating Account in the amount of \$561.74 and check # 5818 was written October 5, 2022 on the Washington Borough’s Sewer Utility Account in the amount of \$59.99; and

WHEREAS, checks were made payable to Elizabethtown Gas Company PO Box 6031 Bellmawr, New Jersey 08099; and

WHEREAS, the Treasurer’s office has noticed an open balance on the accounts the checks were to be applied to; and

WHEREAS, the above-mentioned checks have not been cashed; and

WHEREAS, stop payment for both checks should be issued; and

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, in the County of Warren, State of New Jersey hereby authorizes the Treasurer to void and stop payment on the aforementioned checks.

Motion made by Brown and seconded by Cox to adopt Resolution 2023-50

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.
Ayes: 5 Nays: 1 (Gorshkov)
Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-50

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE EXECUTION OF A MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING WITH 1 WEST WASHINGTON URBAN RENEWAL, LLC

WHEREAS, the Local Redevelopment and Housing Law, N.J.S.A. 40A:12A-1 et seq. (the “Redevelopment Law”) authorizes the Borough to arrange or contract with a redeveloper for the planning, construction or undertaking of any project or redevelopment work in an area designated as an area in need of redevelopment; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Washington (the “Borough”) designated the property identified on the Borough tax map as Block 95, Lots 7 and 10 (the “Property”), as well as other lots within the Borough, as an area in need of redevelopment in accordance with the Redevelopment Law”); and

WHEREAS, by Resolution 2023-28, adopted on January 17, 2023, the Borough designated 1 West Washington Urban Renewal, LLC (the “Entity”) as redeveloper of the Property in accordance with the Redevelopment Law, and authorized the execution of a redevelopment agreement (the “Redevelopment Agreement”) with the Entity; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Resolution No. 3-2022 adopted on November 14, 2022, the Borough Land Use Board granted preliminary and final site plan approval to the Redeveloper to develop Lot 7 as a mixed-use commercial and residential building and Lot 10 as a private parking lot to serve the proposed residential apartments; and

WHEREAS, twenty percent (20%), or 4 units, of the residential units within the Project will be set aside for affordable housing rental units as set forth in Resolution No. 3-2022 of the Land Use Board; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of New Jersey Long Term Tax Exemption Law, N.J.S.A. 40A:20-1 *et seq.* as amended and supplemented (the “Exemption Law”), the Borough is authorized to provide for and accept, in lieu of real property taxes, an annual service charge paid by the Entity to the Borough; and

WHEREAS, the Entity submitted an application to the Borough Council (the “Application”), and in accordance with the Exemption Law; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40A:20-8, the Borough Council must adopt an ordinance authorizing the execution of a Financial Agreement with the Entity setting forth the terms of the payments in lieu of taxes; and

WHEREAS, the Borough desires to engage an expert to analyze economic aspects of the proposed Financial Agreement and is, therefore, unable to authorize the execution of a Financial Agreement at this time; and

WHEREAS, the Entity requires assurances that the Borough is willing, resolved and committed to enter into a Financial Agreement regarding the Property;

WHEREAS, in order to give the Entity assurances that it intends to enter into a Financial Agreement with it under the Exemption Law, the Borough Council desires to enter into a binding Memorandum of Understanding (attached hereto as Exhibit A) outlining the terms of a Financial Agreement that have been agreed to by the Entity and the Borough as essential to the feasibility of the Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED as follows:

1. The Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to execute the Memorandum of Understanding in substantially the same form as attached hereto.
2. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

Motion made by Brown and seconded by France to adopt Resolution 2023-51

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 5 Nays: 0 Abstain: 1 (Gorshkov)

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-51

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A FINANCIAL EXPERT FOR THE PURPOSES OF ANALYZING A PROPOSED FINANCIAL AGREEMENT WITH 1 WEST WASHINGTON URBAN RENEWAL, LLC

WHEREAS, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of New Jersey Long Term Tax Exemption Law, N.J.S.A. 40A:20-1 *et seq.* as amended and supplemented (the “Exemption Law”), the Borough is authorized to provide for and accept, in lieu of real property taxes, an annual service charge paid by certain property owners to the Borough; and

WHEREAS, the 1 W. Washington Urban Renewal, LLC (the “Entity”) submitted an application to the Borough Council (the “Application”) in accordance with the Exemption Law; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40A:20-8, the Borough Council must adopt an ordinance authorizing the execution of a Financial Agreement with the Entity setting forth the terms of the payments in lieu of taxes; and

WHEREAS, the Borough desires to engage an expert to analyze economic aspects of the proposed Financial Agreement;

WHEREAS, the Local Public Contracts Law, N.J.S.A. 40A:5-11 *et seq.*, requires a resolution authorizing the award of the contract for professional services and that the contract itself must be available for inspection.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, County of Warren, State of New Jersey as follows:

1. Richard Reading is hereby appointed as a financial expert for the purposes of reviewing and advising the Borough Council regarding the proposed Financial Agreement with 1 W. Washington Urban Renewal, LLC.
2. The Borough Attorney is authorized to draft a standard form of agreement with Mr. Reading for the provision of such services consistent with the attached proposal.
3. The Mayor and the Clerk of the Borough of Washington are hereby authorized, respectively, to execute an agreement with Richard Reading for an amount not to exceed \$5,000 in accordance with the attached proposal.
4. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

Motion made by Brown and seconded by Gorshkov to adopt Resolution 2023-52

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-52
RESOLUTION APPROVING THE EXECUTION OF A DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT
WITH SOPHICHAEL ENTERPRISES, LLC

WHEREAS, Sophichael Enterprises, LLC (the "Developer") is the owner of certain property that is known and designated as Block 27.01, Lot 238 on the Tax Map of the Borough of Washington, Warren County, State of New Jersey, more commonly known as 35 Brown Street (the "Property"); and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Washington Land Use Board (hereinafter the "Board"), granted Developer Preliminary and Final Major Site Plan approval with use and density variances to allow the construction of twelve (12) residential apartments and appurtenances (the "Project") as set forth in the Resolution of the Board adopted on October 17, 2022; and

WHEREAS, Developer desires to comply with the terms and conditions of the approvals and proceed with the proposed development and install all improvements in accordance with the Resolution and approved plans; and

WHEREAS, the Developer and Borough desire to enter into an agreement setting forth the rights, duties and obligations of the parties in connection with the approval as reflected in the Resolution and approved Plans; and

WHEREAS, the Council has reviewed the proposed Developer’s Agreement, which is attached hereto, and find that it is in the best interests of the Borough to enter into such agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey, as follows:

1. The Mayor and Clerk are hereby authorized to execute the Developer’s Agreement by and between the Borough of Washington and Sophichael Enterprises, LLC in substantially the same form as attached hereto.
2. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

Motion made by Brown and seconded by Musick to adopt Resolution 2023-53

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

RESOLUTION 2023-53
RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE SUBMISSION OF THE AMENDED AND UPDATED
RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE INVENTORY (ROSI) TO THE
NJDEP GREEN ACRES PROGRAM AND THE EXECUTION AND FILING OF A DECLARATION OF
ENCUMBRANCE

WHEREAS, a municipality which utilizes NJDEP Green Acres funding assistance to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes must create a Recreation and Open Space Inventory (“ROSI”); and

WHEREAS, the purpose of the ROSI is to document all restricted lands held by the local government unit for recreation and conservation purposes; and

WHEREAS, Green Acres has requested that the Borough review and update the ROSI to include all lands held for recreation and conservation purposes, specifically including the funded acquisition of the Shabbecong Mountain Preserve and its 80.035 acres located at 55 Nunn Avenue, Block 97, Lot 1.03; and

WHEREAS, the closing on the Shabbecong Mountain Preserve occurred on January 13, 2021 and the deed recording the transfer of the property to the Borough was recorded on January 20, 2021; however, the Borough’s ROSI was never updated and a declaration of encumbrance was not recorded; and

WHEREAS, the amended and updated ROSI (a copy of which is provided as part of the attachment to this Resolution) will reflect a total of 117.52 municipal acres which are preserved; and

WHEREAS, Green Acres has also requested that a Declaration of Encumbrance be filed with regard to the Shabbecong Mountain Preserve in substantially the same form as attached hereto; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council desires to authorize the revision of the ROSI and recording of the Declaration of Encumbrance in accordance with the request of Green Acres.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Washington, Warren County, New Jersey, as follows:

1. The Mayor and Planning Board Chair are authorized, as required, to execute the Declaration of Encumbrance in support of the latest revision of the Recreation and Open Space Inventory (ROSI) in substantially the same form as attached hereto, and any other documentation required to effectuate the purposes of this resolution.
2. This Resolution shall take effect immediately.

RECAP

Interim Manager Courter will look further into the Taylor Street fencing and curbing issues.

COUNCIL REMARKS

Councilman Cox gave the following remarks:

- Appreciate that people came out and thanked the police and fire departments.
- Thanked everyone for being here this long.
- Need to do business and go back to two meetings a month.
- Need more time to be together and not last this long. We don't need to be after 10 PM or near 11 PM.
- Stated no confidence in attorney and added that other people that feel same way.
- Does not feel there is transparency.

Councilwoman Gorshkov gave the following remarks:

- Discussed a resolution appointing Dale Parichuk, CPM as interim manager.

Councilwoman Musick gave the following remarks:

- Thanked everyone for coming out.

Councilman France gave the following remarks:

- As new person he is absorbing everything and will make an effort to talk with people in community.
- Getting back to two meetings have mixed feelings, having already extra jobs but want to help town and added we have a business to run.
- Look forward in getting more feedback.

Councilman Brown gave the following remarks:

- Very productive meeting.
- Keep in back of our mind what big picture is , we have our own identity.
- One thing to keep in mind who are we doing this for and what the big goal is.
- Incentives are important.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Gorshkov to enter into executive session for contract negotiations and potential shared service all were in favor.

RESOLUTION **AUTHORIZING EXECUTIVE SESSION**

WHEREAS, the Open Public Meetings Act, P.L. 975, Chapter 231 permits the exclusion of the public from a meeting in certain circumstances; and

WHEREAS, this public body is of the opinion that such circumstances presently exist; and

WHEREAS, the Governing Body wishes to discuss contractual and shared service. Minutes will be kept and once the matter involving the confidentiality of the above no longer requires that confidentiality, then the minutes can be made public.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the public be excluded from this meeting.

Motion made by Music and seconded by Gorshkov to return to regular session at 10:54 p.m., all were in favor.

VOUCHERS

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to approve vouchers for payment,

Roll Call: Brown, Conry, Cox, France, Gorshkov, and Musick.

Ayes: 6 Nays: 0

Motion passes.

MOTION

Motion made by Cox and seconded by Musick to set a budget meeting for March 6, 2023 at 7pm all were in favor.

Mayor Conry announced the following committee:

Police Shared Service Committee: Musick and Conry.

ADJOURN

Hearing no further business to come before Council, motion made by Brown and seconded by Gorshkov to adjourn the meeting at 10:56 PM, all were in favor.

Laurie A. Courter, RMC
Borough Clerk